THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Editor and Proprietor.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday.

TERMS:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	3.00
Six months,	5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

NEWS BY THE MAILS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The disarming of the black troops in Mississippi arise, probably, from the fear of trouble, now that the holidays are so rapid y approaching. It is a fact that women and children are now in the Northern States, whose homes are in the South, but prefer to remain where they are until the dreaded Christmas times have passed.

The fears of trouble are stronger in Mississippi than in any other State, though in certain portions of Alabama serious misgivings exist.

When Gen. Canby mustered out the blacks in Louisiana recently, he ordered them all to be disarmed, and this action, I am informed, was based almost solely on the fear that a collision might occur, should the negroes be permitted to retain their arms.

What Gov. Humphreys has done in Mississippi, is no more than Gen. Canby has done, though in the one case it was by Government action and in the other by the State.

There is no session of Congress to-day, both Houses having adjourned yesterday until Monday.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The departure for Europe on Wednesday of the chief secretary of the French Legation is connected with the details of the Mexican question, and growing popular sympathy with the Liberal cause in Mexico, together with the appointment of General Logan, has led to a communication between Count Montholon and the State Department, which resulted in sending a message to the French Emperor for definite instructions.

It is said the withdrawal of the French legation from Washington will take place in case of the formal appointment of an United States Minister to the Mexican republic.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15, 1865.—The two thirty's vote in the House yesterday, adopted the original Stevens resolution, is regarded as settling the question of admitting Southern claimants for seats. They will not get in this winter. The President expressed himself this morning as disappointed by this radical vote.

Additional News by the City of Boston.

The City of Boston, when fairly at sea off Queenstown, was overhauled by a British man-of-war in search of the Fenian "Head Centre" Stephens. Her officers went on board and detained the vessel for hours. Stephens was not there, but the City of Boston carried out a very active Fenian delegation to the brotherhood in America, bound, it is said, for Chicago, Buffalo and St. Louis. It was thought in Dublin that Stephens had reached France. England was worried and alarmed, and the Fenian organization was extending and becoming solidified in Ireland.

The first contradiction to the list of British blockade runners appears in the London Times of of the 29th ult. Messrs. C. W. & W. Gray write to say that they were "never interested in the extent of one shilling either as owners of blockade runners or as shippers of goods to the South.

Great satisfaction is everywhere expressed that Queen Victoria will open the next session of Parliament in person. The London correspondent of the Manchester Guardian says this is a spontaneous act on the part of her Majesty, and might have happened sooner had less obstructive importunity been used in certain quarters.

The Bankruptcy Bill.

The bill introduced into the House of Representatives, on the 11th instant, to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States, provides:

1. That the District Courts of the United States shall be constituted courts of bankruptcy, and that they shall have original jurisdiction in their respective districts in all matters and proceedings in bankruptcy. It also provides that the several Circuit Courts of the United States within and for the districts where the proceedings in bankruptcy shall be pending, shall have a general superintendence and jurisdiction of all cases and questions arising under this act.

2. Provision is made for the appointment of Registers in bankruptcy, to assist the Judge of the District Court in the performance of his duties under this act. The Register must be a lawyer, and must give bond to the United States. He must also be able to subscribe the oath of office approved by Congress in July, 1862. The duties of the Register in bankruptcy are clearly marked out for him, at length, in the bill.

3. An appeal may be taken from the District to the Circuit Court in all cases; but no appeal shall be allowed in any case from the District and Circuit Court unless it is claimed, and notice given thereof to the Clerk of the District Court, to be entered with the record of the proceedings, and also to the assignee or creditor, as the case may be, or to the defeated party in equity, within ten days after the decision appealed from.—No appeal or writ of error shall be allowed in any case from the Circuit Courts to the Supreme Court of the United States, unless the matter in dispute in such cases shall exceed two thousand dollars.

4. The bill sets forth at length how to commence and continue proceedings under it in the courts designated. It also directs the manner of making assignments, and defines the duties of the assignee, the examination of bankrupts, and the distribution of the bankrupt's estate.

5. It provides certain penalties against bankrupts who shall, after proceedings, have been commenced, secrete, destroy, or part with any part of his property, with the intent to prevent it from coming into the hands of the assignee. It enacts severe penalties against any officer who shall take bribes from parties interested in any

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1865. NO. 112.

NEW GOODS.

New Line Opened! Makes Two Trips to the Old Line's One!

A. CREECH HAS JUST RETURNED FROM the North, where he has bought his second supply of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Embracing the various New Styles of the Season, together with Ladies' Cloaks, Long Shawls, Breakfast Shawls, Ladies and Misses' Goods, Ladies and Misses' Hoop Skirts, Ladies and Misses' Balmoral Shoes, Gent's Boots and Shoes, Boys, Youths and Children's Boots and Shoes, Felt Hats, the Derby, the Dasher, the Planter's wide brim, and other styles for Men's wear. Boys, Youths and Children's Hats. Wood and Willow Ware, Crockery and Glass Ware, and a superior lot of Family Groceries.

Take my stock altogether, I have one among the largest and most desirable and complete stocks of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods in the City.

Now, allow me to say that I bought my Goods to sell, and they must and shall be sold; but I don't expect to take a piece of poetry in one hand and a full grown humbug in the other and climb up to the clouds and fish out the birds of Paradise and gently bring them down with a placard stuck on their backs, "Selling out at Cost! selling out at cost!" No, I deal in no such humbug. I keep no such sacrifice of Goods. I keep no time-worn, shelf-rubbed, defaced or dusty Goods—dust so thick you can rub it off with a knife. My Goods are all new, and of good styles, and I intend to sell them as low as anybody that bought goods with the expectation of paying for them, and the man that sold the goods to the man that don't intend to pay for them, is a fool—and the man that sells them is a rascal. Now this is plain talk, but 'tis no slip of the tongue. I mean what I say, and say what I mean. I have lived here and sold goods here for twenty years. I expect to remain here. I pay my taxes to support Institutions of the City, County and the State. I expect to continue to do so. I respectfully ask my old customers, my old friends and new ones to call and examine my stock. I will deal with you honest and treat you right. If I don't sell you goods as cheap as you can buy the same class of goods elsewhere I don't expect you to buy. Call at the R. Smith building, house formerly occupied by Creech & Litchford, Merchants and Auctioneers.

A. CREECH.

Raleigh, Nov. 29 96-tf.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE.

MURFREESBORO, N. C.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION WERE resumed on the first Wednesday of October last, under the following

FACULTY:

——, President and Prof. Mor. Phil.
Rev. John Williams, A. M., Prof. Lat. Lang. and Literature.
Wm M Jones, A. M., Prof. Nat. Sci. and Math.
——, Prof Mod. Lang. and Music.
Miss Sallie M Cross, Asst. in higher Lang. and Mathematics.
Miss Mollie Southall, Music.
——, Steward.

The building has been renovated and necessary supplies obtained for the accommodation of a large number of pupils. Charges as before the war.

TERMS, per session of twenty weeks, payable in currency, one half in advance; the remainder at the end of the session:

English Branches,	$18 00
Ancient and Modern Languages—each,	7 00
Music—Piano and Guitar—each,	20 00
Use of Piano,	3 00
Use of Guitar,	2 00
Drawing, Embroidery, Wax work, &c—each	10 00
Oil Painting,	20 00
Painting in pastel and water colors,	12 00
School-room expenses,	2 00
Lectures, and use of apparatus,	2 50
Board, including everything,	32 50

The blanks will be filled at an *early* date.

For additional information, address:

JOHN WILLIAMS,
President (*pro tem*) W. F. College,
Murfreesboro, N. C.
W. N. H. SMITH,
President Board of Trustees.

* Application for the chair will be received.
Dec. 6-102-tjan1.

OFFICE CHATHAM RAILROAD CO., RALEIGH, Dec. 8th, 1865.

Sale of

CARTS, WHEEL-BARROWS, &C, AT PAGE'S, WAKE CO., N. C.

ON TUESDAY THE 2ND OF JANUARY, 1866, will be sold at Auction at Pages Station, Wake county, N. C., a number of

WAGONS,
CARTS,
WHEEL-BARROWS,
LOT OF TOOLS, &C.

—ALSO—

A lot of valuable Mules, and property of the Chatham Railroad Company.

Farmers will do well to lay in a supply. Terms, 6 months credit. Deduction of 6 per cent. for cash.

K. P. BATTLE,
President.

D. G. CONN, Agent.
Dec. 11-105 law tds.

OFFICE CHATHAM RAILROAD CO., RALEIGH, Dec. 8th, 1865.

Sale of

WAGONS, CARTS, &C., AT HAYWOOD, CHATHAM COUNTY, N. C.

ON WEDNESDAY THE 27TH DECEMBER, 1865, will be sold at Auction, Haywood, Chatham Co., N. C., a large number of

WAGONS,
CARTS,
HARNESS,
WHEEL-BARROWS,
SHOVELS, &C.

Also, Property of the Chatham Railroad Company. Farmers will do well to lay in a supply. Terms, 6 months credit. Deduction of 6 per cent. for cash.

K. P. BATTLE,
President.

D. G. CONN, Agent.
Dec. 11-105-law tds.

C. W. WESTBROOK, G. W. ALBRIGHT

Westbrook & Albright,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FRUIT TREES,

GRAPE VINES,
EVERGREENS,
FLOWERS,
Shrubbery, and Vegetable and Flower Seed,

WASHINGTON STREET,
Greensboro, N. C.

Standard Trees for Orchards and Dwarf Trees of all kinds for Gardens, with a choice variety of small fruits, etc., etc. List of prices sent to applicants, gratis.

Greensboro, Dec. 9-104-1m. pd.

Classical and Mathematical School

OXFORD, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION OF J. H. HORNER'S Classical and Mathematical School, Will commence the Second Monday in January.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,

WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF
THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!

JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.

HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C. HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER," renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the "Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed.* Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.

Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs,) Wilmington, N. C.
Dec. 4-103-tf.

Davenport Female College.

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will be resumed on Monday, the 26th of February, 1866, with a full corps of instructors. This institution is delightfully situated at Lenoir, twelve miles from Icard's Station on the Western Extension.

TERMS.

Board for twenty weeks,	$50 00
Tuition in English branches,	20 00
Music and use of Piano,	22 50
Drawing,	8 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Latin, Greek, French and German, each,	5 00

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Tuition in first class,	12 50
Tuition in second class,	15 00
Contingent fee to be paid by each student, on entering the College,	2 00

For circular, address until 1st of February,

REV. J. R. GRIFFITH,
Ansonville, N. C.

P S. All of the above prices are to be paid in specie or its equivalent. dec 14 108—3ms.

HORSE TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP AT MY HOUSE ON FRIDAY MORNing last, a small sorrel mare, reached like a pony, with a small white spot on the forehead and white on her nose.

The owner can have her by proving his property and paying all expenses. I live 5 miles from Raleigh. C. RABON.

Wake Co., Dec. 11-105-1w.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL.

RALEIGH, N. C.

RIGHT REV. THOS. ATKINSON, D. D., Visitor.
REV. ALDERT SMEDES D.D., Rector.
REV. BENEDICT SMEDES, Assistant.

THE 47TH TERM OF THIS SCHOOL WILL COMmence January 17th, 1866, and continue twenty weeks.

Application for admission, and for full information, should be made promptly to the Rector.

December 12, 1865 106-tf.

JNO. KING, JNO. WHITELAW, WM. PEAT.

MONUMENTS! MONUMENTS!

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

King, Whitelaw & Co.,

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR OLD friends and the citizens of the State generally, that having re opened their MARBLE AND STONE WORKS, on the burnt block, at

Maunder's Old Stand, Fayetteville St.,

they are now prepared to furnish

MONUMENTS,
VAULTS,
HEAD STONES,
SLABS,
MARBLE MANTLES, &c.

Having associated with us one of the best CARVERS IN THE COUNTRY, and from the arrangements we have made, we flatter ourselves that we can furnish all work in our line as cheap as it can be done in any Northern city, for proof of which, call and examine our large variety of designs and our list of prices.

We are also prepared to furnish

WINDOW SILLS,
WINDOW CAPS,
DOOR STEPS, &c., &c.

And to contract for all kinds of
STONE CUTTING AND STONE MASONRY.
KING, WHITELAW & CO.

REFERS TO

Geo. W. Mordecai, Esq.,	Rev. Dr. Mason, D. D.
J. M. Heck, Esq.,	B. P. Williamson & Co.
Briggs & Dodd,	K. P. Battle, Esq.

September 30-97-3m.

COOKE'S HOTEL

IS open, and those who are travelling and wish comfortable quarters and good eating, stop at Cooke's. My terms will be as moderate as possible for the times. You will always find conveyance at the depot to take you to either of the Hotels in this City; but be sure to inquire for Cooke's, where you will get *good lodging, good eating, mineral water* to drink, and a pipe to smoke if you wish it.

I will be prepared to accommodate 15 or 20 members of the approaching Convention.

GEO. T. COOKE.

September 1, 1865 25 tf.

Select School.

MISS M. MITCHELL, AND MRS. E. N. GRANT, Propose receiving into their family, as pupils, a few young ladies. Terms made known on application by letter or otherwise. The next session will commence January 15th, 1866.

Chapel Hill, Nov. 11-91-tf.

TURNBULL, RIACH AND MURDOCH.

16 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE. | 7 COLLEGE PLACE, NEW YORK.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton Yarn, Sheetings and Osnaburgs, Wool and Woolen Goods.

REFERENCES:

Chas. P. Mallett, Esq.,	Chapel Hill.
Chas. B. Mallett, Esq.,	Fayetteville.
Geo. W. Williams & Co.,	Fayetteville.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq.,	Greensboro.
James Sloan, Esq.,	Greensboro.
Thomas R. Tate, Esq.,	Charlotte.
R. Mickle, Esq., Cashier Union Bank,	Baltimore.

October 2-48-1y.

COPARTNERSHIP.

NEWBERN, N. C., November 1st, 1865.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTnership under the name and style of

Whitford, Dill & Co.,

for the transaction of a Shipping and General

Commission Business,

in this Town, West side Craven Street, on old County Wharf.

To the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, Lumber, Staves, Shingles, Corn, and all kinds of Produce and Merchandize, and also to the sale and purchase of Real Estate and State and other Stocks, we will give our personal attention.

We are Agents for Murry's North Carolina Semi Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for Sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States and for different ports in the West Indies. Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own vessels with the amplest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route, and a tri-weekly line of Steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.

All letters addressed to us on the subject of freight, or on any other business, will be promptly answered.

JOHN D. WHITFORD,
GEORGE W. DILL,
WM. C. WHITFORD.

November 29, 1865 98-tf.

MORE GOODS

AT

44 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

IN ADDITION TO OUR LARGE STOCK OF HARDWARE and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, we have received another lot of

BUGGY MATERIAL.

Rims, Spokes, Hubs, Enamelled Cloths, Dash and Collar Leather, Bands, Clips, Shafts, &c.

—ALSO—

Rogers & Brother's Celebrated "heavy plated on Albatta."

Spoons and Forks.

Wright, Brother & Co.'s make of Umbrellas.

Bed Screws, Bedstead Joints, Tubs, Buckets, Trays, Waiters, Door Mats, Foot Scrapers, Brooms, Brushes, Spittoons.

A new Washing Machine, Well Buckets, Wheels and Rope.

Conductors, Punches, Bell Cord for Rail Road Cars, Couplings, &c.

Paints, Varnishes and Oils, Kerosene Oil, Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks.

Cooking Stoves of the best patterns.

Pocket and Table Cutlery in great variety—and Irons, Shovels and Tongs, Pots, Ovens, Spiders Kettles, &c.

D. T. CARRAWAY,
50-3m. WITH HART & LEWIS.

HART & LEWIS,

(Established in 1853.)

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TIN,
COPPER AND SHEET IRON,
COOKING STOVES,

—AND—

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS

NEWBERN, N. C.

MIDDLE STREET.

A Boarding House.

Mrs. M. J. Fentress,

No 15 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH,

CAN ACCOMMODATE FROM 12 TO 14 MEMBERS of the Legislature with good large rooms, cheap Boarding, and the positive assurance that nothing shall be left undone to secure their personal comfort and convenience. Those interested in securing a home for a short time, will please make early application.

Raleigh, November 15 84-tm.

A. KLINE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
BEST IMPORTED WINES & BRANDIES,
AND LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS.
GROCERIES &c., &c.,

Corner of Fayetteville and Harget Sts.,

au 8-3m RALEIGH, N. C.

VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ON THE 20TH DAY OF DECEMBER, THE SUBscribers will sell at auction, for cash, the site on the Cape Fear River at Fayetteville, where the Clarendon Bridge formerly stood, including Toll House, the Land on both sides of the River, Piers, and what ever is left of the property. The sale will be made on the express condition that the purchaser is to build a new, double track, or road bridge, the length of which will be six hundred feet or thereabout.

The site is very desirable to persons having the necessary capital for the work to be done. There is no bridge now on the river. The investment of money in this contemplated work, so near as it is to a large market town, must prove largely remunerative.

E. J. LILLY,
A. A. McKETHAN,
THOS. McDANIEL,
J. J. SHEPHERD.

Nov. 17-94-tc.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

MRS. M. A. E. RAMSAY WILL ACCOMMODATE Gentleman Boarders with meals at $10 per week. Residence near B. F. Moore, Esq., fronting Nash square.

She is also prepared to make up Dresses or do other needle work in good style.

Raleigh, Nov. 21-89-tf.

JOS. W. CARROLL, JOS. HOY, J. R. NIVEN

JOSEPH HOY & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO 126, PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

CARROLL, HOY & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

NO. 36 PERDIDO STREET,

New Orleans.

REFER TO

Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,
C. B. HARRISON, ESQ.,
B. F. MOORE, ESQ.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Oct. 17th, 1865-61-3m.

Select Boarding School for Young Ladies.

MRS. PENDER IS PREPARED TO OPEN A School for young ladies, at her residence near Salem, N. C. The location is healthy, retired and pleasant. Arrangements are being made to secure the services of competent assistants, and every facility will be afforded for the cultivation of the hearts and minds of the young ladies placed under her charge.

As the number of pupils is limited, application must invariably be made in advance.

The first session will begin on the eight of January, 1866, closing on the tenth of June following. For particulars, address MRS. M. F. PENDER,

Salem, Forsythe County, N. C.

October 30 69-2ms.

William K. Barham,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SEVERAL COURTS of Wake, Franklin, Nash, and Johnston Counties, and in the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

Special attention will be given to Conveyancing and Office Practice generally, and to the settlement and collection of claims.

Office on Fayetteville Street, No. 45.

Oct. 21-65-tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

I WILL SELL ONE HALF OR TWO-THIRDS OF that valuable property, Piedmont Springs in Burke County, N. C., to any man who will reside upon the premises and give it his entire attention.

There is a gold mine upon the premises which will pay as well to work as any probably in the State. Superior water power for driving machinery. Climate and water unsurpassed, and a large quantity of superior timber. The buildings new and will accommodate 150 persons.

The soil is well adapted to the culture of the grasses, fruits, and the vine.

By a man of energy and capital, a fortune can be made here in a few years. Address,

E. C. LINDSAY, Norfolk, Va.

November 25 93-3taw2m

DENTISTRY.

J. S. MICHARD,

SURGEON DENTIST,

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Goldsboro' and vicinity. Having had fifteen years' experience in the city of Richmond, Va., feels confident of being able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

Artificial Teeth inserted from one to an entire set, on Gold, Silver, or the Vulcanite Base. Extracting, Filling, and all other operations performed in the best manner.

All orders left with Mr. D. C. Carrington, Goldsboro, or Dr A. F. Telfair, Smithfield, will be promptly attended to.

Goldsboro, 50-3m.

PETER MALLETT,

General Commission

AND

SHIPPING MERCHANT,

NO 23 NORTH WATER ST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES, Lumber, and other Produce for Sale or Shipping, respectfully solicited. Liberal advancements made. ☞ Orders promptly executed.

Nov 75—93-3ms.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL.

MISS MANGUM, will open the seventh session of her School for young ladies, at the residence of her Mother, Mrs. Willie P. Mangum, on the 18th of January 1866.

Only a limited number of pupils can be received. They will find a home in her Mother's family. For particulars apply to

MISS M. P. MANGUM.
Flat River Orange Co., N. C.

Nov. 18-87-3m

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

June 27, 1865. 21—6m.

Watson's New Photograph Gallery.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS METHOD OF informing the citizens of North Carolina, that he has recently taken, renovated and refitted the Gallery formerly occupied by E. Hunt, where he is prepared to make all kinds of pictures in his line, from the smallest miniature to a life size Portrait in oil. None shall have an excuse for sending work in his line out of the State to be done. A call is solicited. J. W. WATSON.

Raleigh, October 4-80-3m.

DR. W. R. JONES

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Raleigh.

Office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.

Can be found at night at the residence of Rev. J. M. Atkinson.

Raleigh, November 3, 1865 78 3m-pd.

FOR RENT.

THE LATE RESIDENCE OF A. M. LEWIS. A large and comfortable house, with eight rooms and a basement dining room, kitchen, servants and carriage house, stables, and all necessary out houses, and four acres of land, containing a large garden, and nursery of choice fruit trees, handsome oak grove and excellent water on the premises. Apply to Baker, Cowper & Co., or W. H. JONES, Agent.

Raleigh, November 21-90-tf.

J. Q. A. BARHAM. W. K. BARHAM.

BARHAM & BROTHER,

AUCTION

AND

Commission Merchants

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ASSOCIATED themselves in business, and have established an AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE AND GENERAL AGENCY,

for the sale and purchase of all kinds of property, collecting claims, &c.

One of the firm being a practicing lawyer, will give legal advice, examine and adjust titles, draw conveyances and attend to professional business generally, both in and out of the Courts. We will be found at our office on Fayetteville Street, one door above C. M. Farris' Store.

J. Q. A. BARHAM.
W. K. BARHAM.

Raleigh, October 6-52-tf.

LOOKING GLASSES
at
44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

DRESSING COMBS
at
44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

The Children not Forgotten.

DOLLS FROM 25 CENTS TO $3 00,
at
44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

GENUINE DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO,
at
44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, ETC.,
at
44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

PERSONS VISITING RALEIGH, AS WELL AS citizens, are invited to call in at 44 Fayetteville Street and see the *variety of useful articles.*

D. T. CARRAWAY,
WITH HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, October 9, 1865 84-tf.

A Rare Opportunity.

WE WISH TO SELL OUR TOBACCO FACTORY and Lot in the town of Mocksville, Davie Co., N. C., together with a capital set of Machinery, viz: Two Hydraulick Pumps, one entirely new, and two Hydraulick Presses, one for shapening and one for prizing in boxes, three sets 12 inch Iron Shappners, that work 144 lumps each, and the best patent Retainers for each, and six box Retainers with a complete set of shrouds and bands with other machinery necessary for doing a large business. The Retainers run on Rail Road, conveniently arranged.

—ALSO—

Twenty thousand pounds fine leaf tobacco. Also one large Store House and Lot, with good Cellar, Warehouse and Stables.

This property being located in the heart of a fine tobacco growing district, offers inducements to purchasers but seldom met with

CAIN & BROWN,
Mocksville, N. C.

Dec. 9 104-awst.

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,
Sycamore Street, Petersburg.
THOS. BRANCH & CO.,
89 Main Street, Richmond.
BRANCH, SONS & CO.,
Augusta, Ga.

Bankers and Commission Merchants.

DEALERS IN COIN, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Exchanges, Southern Bank Notes, Stocks and Bonds.

☞ Interest allowed on Deposites. Collections made throughout the United States, and special attention given to the redemption of Southern Bank Notes for Banks' account.

☞ Liberal advancements made on consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and other products to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, Bremen and Antwerp.

They hold $100,000 Notes of the various North Carolina Banks which they will furnish at fair rates to parties wishing to purchase to pay old securities notes to the Banks. Dec 2-99-3m.

Lincolnton Female Seminary.

LINCOLNTON NORTH CAROLINA.

Rev. S. Lander, A. M., Principals

THE SPRING SESSION, 1866, will begin on Monday, Jan. 1st, and continue 20 weeks. Competent teachers are engaged for the several departments, and we confidently appeal to the liberal public for a generous patronage.

RATES PER SESSION.—Board, exclusive of lights (payable in advance,) $80,00; Regular Tuition, $15.00, $20.00 and $25.00; Piano Lessons, $25.00; Use of Piano, $5.00.

Pupils received at any time, and charged accordingly.

Nov. 18-tf.

Sale!

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 20TH DECEMBER, WE will sell at the late residence of Dr. H. L. Plummer, one mile South of Ridgeway, on the Raleigh and Gaston R. R., to the highest bidder:

100 fat hogs, 150 out hogs.
50 sheep.
20 horses and mules, among them 2 excellent Brood Mares.
5 yoke oxen.
30 head cattle.
500 bbls. corn, 40,000 lbs oats.
75,000 lbs fodder, a lot of shucks and peas, 8 bushels wheat.
10 barrels family flour.
2 wheat reapers and 2 wheat threshers.
3 fan mills, farming implements.
household and kitchen furniture, &c. &c.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock and continue till all is sold. Terms cash.

K. PLUMMER,
R. T. ARRINGTON,
Executors.

Warren, county, Nov. 23th, 1865.
Dec. 5-101-4ds.

Notice to Merchants.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE MADE arrangements to have a regular line of sailing vessels, between Baltimore and Wilmington, N. C., to start immediately. Merchants purchasing goods in Baltimore, may rely on the certainty of getting them there in good time and dispatch, and those who wish to ship to Baltimore can do so by applying to

RUSSELL & MYERS,
No. 10 Water Street.
Also Agents for
Montgomery's Line of Steamships.
Agents in Baltimore:
Dec 1-97-1m

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Editor.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1865.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month	1 00
" two months	2 00
Semi-Weekly per year,	5 00
Weekly per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

THE PEOPLE must be trusted with their Government, and if trusted, my opinion is that they will act in good faith, and restore their former constitutional relations with all the States composing the Union.—*Andrew Johnson's Letter to Gov. Sharkey, of Mississippi.*

Doctors Differ.

It is strange that no satisfactory reason can be given for the sudden and uncalled for opposition sprung against Gov. Holden in the late election—The *Sentinel* has again and again attempted to show how it happened that the harmony of the State was wrecked at one fell blow, but has failed at all times to prove that there was any necessity for such a disastrous movement on its part. (1.)

At one time it said that the reason, and the only reason why Mr. Worth was brought out, was because Mr. Holden could not get a full vote, and therefore it was necessary to bring *Mr.* Worth out in order to bring out the vote also. Thus by the godly work of stirring up contention and partisan hatred, the *Sentinel* said the people would be aroused to evince their loyalty by polling an overwhelming vote. But we broke the *Sentinel* loose from that hold. (2.)

Another time the *Sentinel* said that Gov. Holden owed his defeat to his own personal unpopularity. This will not bear telling, when it is known that he beat Mr. Worth both in Randolph and Wake, and received large majorities in the best Union Counties of the State. (3.)

But the *Sentinel* has promulgated another reason. It says:

"Since the war, all, we supposed, still ignored old party names and distinctions, and while all were for the early restoration of the Union, yet the people of the State were divided by one simple issue, i. e. between a liberal policy towards all parties and all classes in the matter of reconstruction, and the policy of the "strait sect" party. Mr. Worth was run by his friends as a Union man—with a more consistent Union record than Governer Holden, and voted for as such, with but one distinctive issue; and that was, that Mr. Worth represented the liberal people of the State, those who were willing to forget the past in our common sufferings and pain, and to make common cause with each other in securing our earliest restoration to the Union on the best terms we could get, while Governor Holden was understood to represent the 'strait sect' men."

The *Sentinel* thus distinctly affirms that the issue was between the policy pursued by Gov. Holden and the policy proposed by Mr. Worth. There was no other issued at all, it was only a question of policy between the candidates. (4.)

But in another column of the *Sentinel* we find a memorial, addressed to the President, and drawn up by one of its friends and which has passed the Commons, containing the following paragraph:

"The late elections were held without excitement or tumult, and in good faith towards the government and constitution of the United States, *and whatever differences of opinion there may have been as to men,* [the italics are ours] the people were a unit in their desire to do all that your Excellency required them to do, and to live in peace under and in obedience to the general government of the United States."

This paragraph as distinctly affirms that the issue was only a choice between men, as the *Sentinel* affirms that the issue was upon the policy pursued by Gov. Holden. One doctor says "men," another says "policy." They differ. Which is correct? (5.)

It is absurd to suppose that in the recent exciting campaign the people were only interested in a choice between men. If that had been all, the matter could have been easily adjusted. To be sure neither Mr. Worth nor any of his friends would have been so blinded by prejudice and passion as to oppose Gov. Holden merely from personal dislike, at the risk of everything dear to us all. It is certain that they were actuated by other motives than the paltry issue of a choice between men. No reasonable man believes that such was really the issue.

We think the *Sentinel* is nearer right. The opposition was against the policy of Gov. Holden.—Although is was known that Gov. Holden stood by President Johnson and acted for him in North Carolina, yet notwithstanding this, the *Sentinel*, while it extolled President Johnson, opposed the policy of Gov. Holden, which was the President's policy. The *Sentinel* calls it the "strait-sect policy," but the President calls it noble and efficient. In the eyes of one it is full of evil, in the eyes of the other it is good.

When the fact comes to be more fully known everywhere that the policy of Gov. Holden was the main issue in North Carolina, and that he was defeated for doing his duty in such a noble manner that it called forth the commendation of the President himself, whom can the *Sentinel* and its party blame but themselves, for the rejection of the Representatives of North Carolina? Every day shows how unreasonable the *Sentinel* has acted, and indeed, how suicidal has been its attempts to better the policy of the general government. (6.)

For instance, there was decided opposition to the policy of Gov Holden. That policy was eminently satisfactory at Washington. But the people pronounced against it under the influence of the *Sentinel* and other false lights. Whether this verdict was given intelligently or not, we do not know.—But its effect was instantaneous. It seriously damaged the State in her governmental relations; and the representatives of North Carolina cannot enter Congress. This is the fruit of the opposition to Gov. Holden's policy. Was it at all a wise movement? Did it effect its object to produce a better state of affairs? No. And if this be so, were not the people deluded and misled by false promises from the *Sentinel*, and others, that it would better our condition? (7)

Now, in the lull after the storm, let us look about and, if we have erred determine to pursue a safer course. (8) The Editor of the SENTINEL says that were he in the Legislature he would still continue his opposition to Gov. Holden's policy; that he would not vote for a single man that endorsed it. (9) He calls it a "strait sect policy," but the President differs with him. He calls it noble. Now, choose ye! Will you still follow the SENTINEL into further perils, or unite to give Gov. Holden a hearty steadfast support in his noble line of policy? We address you as reasonable men—what will you do?

Gov. Holden is not a candidate for office. He refused the Senatorship. He is only in office now by the orders of the President. Is it not a safer plan, therefore, to stand by him? Will it not insure our representatives a better chance for admission?—Think about what we have said therefore. If you have been misled by false promises, turn your back upon such people. While there is time for it, consider where you are *now*, and where you *may* be six months hence. (9)

Remarks on the Above.

We regret that our neighbor still carps upon the late election, and labors to keep up its hallucinations by uttering its stereotyped complaints. If it had given its readers a fair and correct idea of what the *Sentinel* has said at different times, we should be saved the necessity of further reply. To make our position still plainer, we give the entire leader of the *Standard* of the 16th, and append our comments consecutively. The reader will please bear with the length of the article.—

1. The opposition to Gov. Holden was not sudden. It had been accumulating for twenty five years, and was fully demonstrated in 1864 when he run for Governor against Gov. Vance. When the President appointed him Provisional Governor, the people anxious to sustain the President's plan of reconstruction, determined to sustain him in his office as Provisional Governor, and have done so and still do so, by submitting quietly to all his measures, although some of his plans were not deemed wisest and best, and not calculated to increase his popularity.

2. The *Sentinel* has not abandoned any position it has taken, nor changed its ground an iota. We have stated that the *Sentinel* or its editor, preferred with many others, that if Gov. Holden desired the office of civil Governor, although they did not think that his course had been entirely satisfactory, that there should be no opposition, but let the election go by default. But when we were assured by members of the Convention fresh from the people, that they would not vote for him, and that by consequence the vote would be so meagre as to damage the character of the State at the North, we felt bound to yield our previous judgment in the matter. At that time it was not known that Gov. Holden desired to run. Indeed, some more intimate with him than ourself, had said, that he would not be a candidate. It was thought therefore, in order to insure a good vote, and in justice to the government, it was determined to bring out a candidate with a purer Union record than Gov Holden, and hence Mr. Worth was selected. The movement in the Convention to bring out Gov. Holden, was begun *after* it was determined to run Mr. Worth. The friends of Mr. Worth are therefore not responsible for "stirring up contention and political hatred," either by bringing out Mr. Worth or in the manner of conducting the canvass.

3. We have at no time pretended to give any other reason for Gov Holden's defeat, but his unpopularity We can account for it in no other way. As a political editor he had broken allegiance with every party in the State for twenty-five years, except the Know Nothings, and had assailed nearly every public man in the State.—He was regarded as a political Ishmaelite; his hand had been at one time or other against every man and every man's hand against him. In carrying out the President's policy his course differed from that of Govs. Sharkey and Perry, which produced the impression that he was carrying out his own policy, and the conduct of his own paper, the *Standard*, fanned the flame of opposition and added nothing to his popularity. We have heard some charge his defeat entirely to the *Standard*. Now this tale does bear telling, and it is true, the vote of Wake and Randolph to the contrary, notwithstanding. We stated some time ago, when the *Standard* tried to make it appear that Mr. Worth had been voted for by the secessionists and disloyalists, while Gov. Holden had been voted for by the Union men alone, that the actual vote had generally shown throughout the State, that Gov. Holden's vote in the so-called secession Counties was larger than in the contest with Gov. Vance and Mr. Worth's smaller, while in the Union Counties where Mr. Worth was known, his vote was larger in proportion than Gov. Vance's. Let the *Standard* publish the vote in 1864 and 1865 together, and let the people see. In Wake County, Gov. Holden received a larger secession and Vance Conservative vote than Mr. Worth did. In other words about 800 or 1000 anti Holden men voted for him, because he was the Provisional Governor, who voted for Gov. Vance against him in 1864. In Randolph, Gov. Holden beat Gov. Vance in 1864 several hundred, but only beat Mr. Worth about 12 votes But look in the Union Counties of Orange, Guilford, Stanly, Iredell, Richmond, Anson and Forsythe! Mr Worth's vote if compared carefully with Gov. Holden's, will be found in point of loyalty, devotion to the government and substantial character at least equal to it, if not largely to exceed it. The attempt to classify Mr Worth's supporters with disloyalty to the government, is what the facts will not sustain.

4. But we stated that we would not say that that issue was made distinctly throughout the State. The issue was made by the *Sentinel*, but in some sections it did not reach the people.

5 There is no difference between the *Sentinel* and the memorial. Both the men were in favor of the Union and the President's policy, but one had been unpopular by his course as a political editor, and had increased it by his "strait-sectism," the other, where known, was considered a man of more liberal feelings and views, and a more consistent Union man. The contest was between two men, both for the Union and for the President's policy, but very different men and viewed differently by the people on account of their past course and present views.

6 The *Standard* here shows its old proclivities. It labors to pervert our true position. "Strait-sectism" in North Carolina is much older than President Johnson's policy. Gov. Holden claimed to be the leader of the "strait-sect" party in 1864, about the time that it became full-blown in Tennessee under Brownlow He made the issue with Gov Vance in 1864 President Johnson's policy as made known by his proclamation, his speeches, telegrams and letters, was endorsed by the whole South, and by none more heartily than by those opposed to "strait-sectism" in N Carolina. The first proclamation of the Governor was understood to ignore "strait sectism." The people fully approved of the Governor's course until they began to compare the course of Gov Holden with that of Govs. Sharkey and Perry. They found the latter liberal, generous and frank. The President warmly and publicly endorsed their course, but no such public endorsement of Gov. Holden's course by the President, was ever made known by the President until *after the election.* If the President had as fully and heartily endorsed Gov. Holden's course before the Governor's election, as he did Gov. Sharkey and Gov. Perry the public never knew it If the President preferred the election of Gov Holden to that of Gov Worth, *it is absolutely certain, he never let the people of North Carolina know it until after the election.*—He had given the people a free election. The *Sentinel* could not understand it to be any thing else, but a free choice of a civil Governor. If the President had in any substantial, reliable form told the people of North Carolina, that he desired the election of Gov. Holden, we are positively certain that no opposition would have been brought out, but the people would have left the election entirely to the choice of Gov. Holden's friends. And who does not know that the vote would have been a very small one? Futhermore, if the President had said in so many words, which he certainly has never said, "I want the people of North Carolina to elect Gov. Holden, civil Governor, and only such members to Congress as can take the "test oath," *it would have been done;* if candidates of that stripe could have been found in all the Districts. But they would have been voted for only by their special friends and those who preferred them. The vote would have given no evidence of the strength of the Union cause in the State, and no indication of the popularity of President Johnson and his plan of reconstruction. If the *Standard* still doubts the unpopularity of Gov. Holden, we beg it to call out Col. Bedford Brown on that subject. He has stated to more than one, that he had never carried such a heavy load before, as Gov. Holden in the late election. He says he would have beaten Mr. Hanes 2500 votes but for that load. Now the *Standard* will not object to Col. Brown as a supporter of President Johnson or his reconstruction policy, and it nor the *Progress* ever objected to Col. Brown, Col. Russ or Mr. Fuller as candidates for Congress, because they could not take the "test oath."

7. The people in the late election have not declared against President Johnson's policy, but have endorsed it; nor have they declared against Gov Holden as Provisional Governor, but they simply did not prefer *him for civil Governor.* As Provisional Governor he is the President's appointee. The approval and support of the President he had a right to expect, because no one doubts his fidelity to the President. And although the people do not think the Governor has pursued the wisest and best course in carrying out the President's policy, yet they did not suppose themselves called upon in the late election to express their opinion at all as to his course as Provisional Governor. As the President's appointee they readily submit to his authority as Provisional Governor, however much they desire the restoration of the civil government.

8. We have not intended any thing we have said or done to disturb the quiet of the State.—The people do not feel they have erred in electing the best men they could get, at least in their opinion, in the late election. In a free choice again, they would do the same thing. If the President or the Northern people are dissatisfied, the people of North Carolina are satisfied they have given no good reason for it. They certainly did not intend to make him their enemy, and they are sure that Gov. Holden is no better friend to the President and the Union, than Jonathan Worth and the men they have elected. They believe they have been misrepresented to the President and the people at the North. They deny utterly the slanders of the *Standard* and *Progress.*

9. The *Standard* utterly misrepresents us.—It shamelessly perverts our language. Our position is this, that as a Worth man, if we had been a member of the Legislature, we should have felt bound, to be consistent, in electing officers for the *civil government*, to have voted against those who were "strait sect" men; in other words, to vote for Worth men. If words have any meaning, President Johnson has unequivocally in all his proclamations, speeches, letters and in his late message shown, that he has no affinity, for "strait sectism." His utterances are at war entirely with radicalism. The *Sentinel* has in no instance opposed or assailed Gov. Holden's administration as Provisional Governor.—His appointments of Judges, Solicitors, and State officers for the Provisional Government, it has uniformly spoken well of and pronounced them good selections. In all matters connected with the Provisional or military authority, we consider we have no choice—the people have no choice, and no voice. It has been a pleasure to us when we could endorse as we have done the appointees of Gov. Holden or express our approval of his acts. We are not slow to do this, yet the *Standard* always keeps that from its readers. We have felt it our duty to say nothing, when we could not conscientiously speak in praise. We have no right to criticise the acts of the Provisional or Military authorities, and hence we raise no opposition when we cannot approve. In arranging for the civil government, we had supposed we had greater license, and therefore expressed ourself in opposition to voting for civil office for those who are opposed to Mr. Worth.

The *Sentinel* newspaper, having heard, we suppose, of an arrest because a member of the press had given himself too much license to "speak out," puts on a sanctimonious air, and attempts to lecture the fraternity. In its issue of Saturday it says:

We have no sympathy with a licentious press—The government and its administrators are entitled to the respect, support, and consideration of the public press. Public measures and public men may be criticised under a free government, but under no circumstances, is the press at liberty to speak in terms of disrespect of rulers. The Southern States are not yet free—nor is the press free to speak out. There is a necessity for observing proper caution and propriety at all times, but especially in our present condition."

When we consider that the *Sentinel* has done more to stir up strife, and keep the State out of the Union, than all the other secession papers in the State put together, the above precious morsel is refreshing. But fearing that orders had been, or would be issued to suppress all the disseminators of treasonable and seditious matter, the organ takes the alarm and admonishes its country echoes not to "speak in disrespect of rulers"—*Progress.*

We exchange with the *Progress*, but we seldom read the paper. There is so much in that paper to mortify, if its character were not known, the sensibilities of every true man and woman in the land, that we seldom pick it up.

We need not say to our readers, that every statement in the above declarations of the *Progress* is false. They know them to be such.

Our article from which the *Progress* copies, was written on Friday, before any intimation had been given here of Capt. Robinson's arrest. The objectionable articles complained of in the several papers in the State, we had not read, but the complaints of the *Standard* and *Progress* led us to write the article, in order to express our disapproval of flippant and ill-timed or ill-natured articles, which might be construed into hostility to the authorities. We did not suppose that any North Carolina editor would designedly make himself offensive to the government in any way, and we still hope that if any are justly censurable, they will hasten to repair any wrong they may have done.

The extract above expresses our honest opinions. We are bound by high christian motives apart from our political convictions of right, to respect, support and obey, "the powers that be," believing that they are ordained of God. We have therefore been conscientiously scrupulous, to avoid all expressions or sentiments which we supposed for a moment would be construed into hostility to the government. We have done this both from principle and inclination and duty.—Because we yield to no one in fidelity to the United States government and its authorities. Up to the day that North Carolina attempted to secede from the Union, no living man was more devoted to the Union. The day that the deed was done was no gala day to us, it was one of the most melancholy of our life. We never saw the day that we did not regret the necessity which forced the State to take that position. But when the deed was done, and the delegates of the people pledged the sacred honor of the State to the Southern cause, as a true son of the State, we felt bound to follow her destiny to the last extremity, and from that day till the surrender of General Lee we never wavered in our devotion to the State and the cause. We "had sworn to our own hurt and changed not." But since the day we swore allegiance to the United States government, convinced that all the hopes and future of our people were bound up in the Union, we have had no other desire, but to promote reconstruction and thus secure the well-being of the State. We have followed our own convictions of duty in accomplishing that object. We have neither abused nor opposed the government on the one hand, nor gotten down upon our knees and licked the dust from the feet of those who would oppress us. We have not been disposed to sacrifice truth or our manhood, by abusing and decrying and libelling our own people, nor by hypocritically kissing and cousining those who would rejoice at our utter subjugation. Nor will we do either. Our conquerors of the army, both officers and men, we have respected in their positions, and have had no cause to doubt their disposition to treat us kindly and justly. The government in all its departments we have respected, and have always spoken in terms of commendation, when truth and propriety demanded it.

And yet the *Progress* has the hardihood to intimate that the *Sentinel* has done more to stir up strife and keep the State out of the Union, than all the other secession papers in the State together. Falsehoods do not choke the *Progress*, if they did, it would have been stiff dead long ago. The *Sentinel* and its editor never had anything to do with secession. We were pleading for the Union when the *Progress* at Newbern was clamorous for secession, and when its greasy editor was denouncing the Union and all its sympathisers. Its present devotion to the Union no one values a groat who knows the man. One who can blow hot and cold with the same breath—to-day one thing and to-morrow another, every one knows how to estimate. It has its price and lives upon what it can force from those who listen to its hypocritical pratings. The discord in the State it has engendered and kept up by its abuse of our own people, who scorn to be associated with such a mass of putrefaction and poltroonery.

What has the *Sentinel* done to stir up strife? Name the paragraph or word or thought it has uttered which exhibits infidelity to the State or hostility to the government? When the conservative Union men of the State determined to run Jonathan Worth for Governor, we espoused his cause. Was there treason in that? Was there strife and contention in that? Appeal to our columns—scan and criticise our words and writings, where is the evidence? We defy the malicious, defamatory libeller of the best people in the State, to show a paragraph to sustain his position.

But why notice this wholesale slanderer more? We must beg pardon of our readers for having noticed him at all.

Governor Elect of Georgia to be Inaugurated.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Dec. 14.

The Provisional Governor has sent to the Legislature a dispatch, received from President Johnson, saying that the Governor elect may be inaugurated in a few days, and that he will receive instructions in regard to being relieved, suggesting that he would issue no commissions to members of Congress, but leave that to the incoming Governor. Also, commending the manner in which the duties of Provisional Governor have been discharged. It is understood that Governor Jenkins desires to know the real *status* before taking his seat.

From Washington—Dangerous Illness of Ex-Gov. Corwin—Republican Victory in Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Ex Governor Corwin, of Ohio, formerly United States Senator and late minister to Mexico, is in a dying condition.

A proposition will soon be introduced in Congress to take away the charter of Washington city, in order to get rid of the question of admitting negro suffrage here.

The Mexican minister received intelligence on the 10th, that General Escabado had taken Monterey, but was compelled to evacuate by a strong French force advancing against him.

INTERESTING SUIT.—A blockade running suit of considerable interest, on account of being considered a test case which will govern others of a similar character, was lately before the United States District Court in Pittsburg. It was in relation to certain cotton which was run through the blockade of the Texas coast, was captured, and afterwards released by the Government on the representations of the agent of the owner that the latter was a loyal man, and that the cargo was intended to be used in discharging his indebtedness to Northern creditors. It afterwards appeared that the agent had sold the cotton, and had not settled with his principal creditors, and the suit was instituted by one of them to compel him to do so, and resulted in a verdict for the plaintiff.

DIED,

On Sunday afternoon last, at the residence of her grandfather, Ex-Governor Manly, ELIZA SINGLETARY, only child of the late General George B. Singletary, in the 11th year of her age—a child of uncommon promise and filial devotion.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral at the Episcopal Church this afternoon at 3 o'clock, without further notice.

At his residence in Caldwell County, of Typhoid fever, on Wednesday, the 29th November, THOMAS ISBELL, Esq., aged about 66 years. The deceased was a highly respectable and useful citizen, and for many years an acting magistrate of the county.

In Wilksboro, N. C., on Sunday, the 5th November, Major JOHN FINLEY, aged, it is believed, 88 years. Major Finley was a native of Adams County, Penn., and when a young man emigrated first to Rockbridge County, Va., and thence to Wilksboro', where he lived for more than 60 years. For a good part of this time he was extensively engaged in mercantile pursuits. He was universally regarded as a most kind hearted and benevolent gentleman, a pure patriot and an honest man. A member of long standing of the Presbyterian Church, he lived, and as is believed died, a christian.

In Smithfield, N. C., September 7th, 1865, of congestive chill, AUGUSTUS ALBERT NICHOLS, aged 15 years. He leaves a large circle of friends and relatives to mourn his loss.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. M. LOVEJOYS

Classical and Mathematical Academy

For Boys and Girls.

THE FIFTIETH SESSION WILL COMmence on the 8th of January, 1866.
For particulars, address the Principal
J. M. LOVEJOY.
Raleigh, N. C. December 19-112-3t

Seminary for Lease.

THE SEMINARY IN WILSON, N. C., FORMERly occupied by Rev. Dr. Deems may be rented for one year, or leased for a term of years. Apply to
W. H. CUNINGGIM, Agent,
December 16-112-3t. Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE COURT OF Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Craven county, December Term, 1865, I will sell, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on the 24th day of January next, the EGYPT PLANTATION, belonging to the Estate of Benj. F. Biddle, deceased, containing 1,300 acres.

It is situated on the South side of Neuse river, and immediately on the river, 20 miles above Newbern, and is one of the best farms on the river for the production of Cotton, Corn, Peas, and other crops usually grown in this section of the State.

A credit of 12, 18 and 24 months will be given, and bonds with satisfactory security required. The sale will be made at the farm.

SAM'L L. BIDDLE,
Adm'r of Benj. F. Biddle, deceased.
Dec 19, 112, tds.

Tournament.

THERE WILL BE A GRAND TOURNAMENT held at Goldsboro' on the 22d December, 1865.
Knights from a distance are invited to compete for the usual honors.
The CORONATION BALL will be held at night.
M. D. CRATON, Chief Marshall.
Goldsboro, Dec 17-111 3t

WANTED.

A GOOD TANNER, TO TAKE CHARGE OF A Tannery in Edgecombe County, near Tarboro, N. C. A comfortable house and sufficient land attached to get wood, make bread, and raise meat.
Apply immediately with references, to
DR J. W. JONES, Tarboro, N. C.
December 16, 1865-101-2w.
Standard please copy.

DR. J. R. G FAUCETTE, Of Greensboro, N. C. J. C. FAUCETTE, Of Alamance, N. C.

Faucette & Bro.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
Purchasing Agents,
AND
GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,
Opposite the Gaston House,
NEWBERN, N. C.
December 16 110-3ms.

WM. J. BAKER. PULASKI COWPER, WM. H. JONES.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION
Merchants,
AND BROKERS.
FAYETTEVILLE STREET.
RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL SELL ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE AND goods of any description on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts, keep on hand for sale, and will buy and sell Gold and Silver Coin and Bank Notes. Dec 15—109—3m.

For Sale.

SUPERIOR Durham and Stonewall Smoking Tobacco in two pound boxes.
Large Onions by the barrel.
A large quantity of Flour, various brands. Bacon Sides, Plantation Bitters. Chewing Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars and Nails. BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15, 1865-109-tf.

For Sale.

HOME made Carpeting, Sweet Oil by the case, and a first rate article of Sole Leather.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15 109—tf

For Sale.

SILVER FRUIT Baskets, Silver Waiters, Spoons and Forks, large Punch Bowl and Silver Eggstand. BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15-109-tf.

For Sale.

2 HANDSOME Travelling Baskets, fine English Mustard, Spun Cotton, China, Cheese, Sugar, Children's Hose.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15-109-tf

Classical and Mathematical School.

14 miles East of Raleigh.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL WILL commence on the 15th of January, 1866.
Board $15 per month. Tuition $30 per session. Lights extra.
Address the Principal at Raleigh
WM. C. DOUB, Principal.
Dec 15-108 3w.

TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!!
FOR CHRISTMAS,
AT
C. J. IREDELL & CO'S,
No. 1 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Raleigh, December 16 110—1w.

OXFORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE 30TH SESSION WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, the 12th of February, in the magnificent building erected by the Grand Lodge of North Carolina.
For Circulars, showing the course of instruction, terms, regulations, &c., apply to
J. R. MILLS, Oxford, N. C.
December 16-115—10t2aw-pd.

CHARLES J. BAKER. WM. BAKER. CHARLES E. BAKER.

Baker Brothers & Co.,

Manufacturers, Importers and Agents for
BALTIMORE WINDOW GLASS,
Druggists Glassware, Vials Bottles, Jars, &c,
BI CARB. SODA, SAL SODA, BORAX, ALUM, and other Chemicals.
Paints, Oils, Gluo,
Extract of Logwood, Castile Soap, &c., &c.
No. 32 AND 34 S. CHARLES ST.,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Nov. 20-88-3m.

J. D. FLANNER,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
Old County Wharf,
Foot of Craven Street,
NEW BERNE, N. C.
October 30-69-3mos.

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.,

GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
79 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the sale of Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Cotton Cloth, Naval Stores, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, &c.
Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.
Orders solicited for the purchase of Goods.
☞ *All consignments to us are covered by Insurance as soon as shipped, on all Rail Roads, and from all shipping ports, through to New York, whether advice of shipment is received or not.*
☞ Consignments solicited. ☜

THOS. J. SUMNER,	Charlotte,	N C
DANIEL WORTH,	Company Shops,	"
S. G. MURPHY,	New York City,	
ROBERT R. SWEPSON,	"	"
G. W. SWEPSON,	Haw River;	N C
C. P. MENDENHALL,	Greensboro,	"

October 26, 1865-69 tf.

COUMONT, BROOKS & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 8 SOUTH WILLIAM STREET,
NEW YORK.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
Represented by
COL. P. FOSTER, Exchange Hotel,
73-2m. Raleigh, N. C.

JOHN F. FOARD,

COMMISSION, AUCTION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
AND AGENT FOR
Selling or Leasing Real Estate,
NEAR OLD COUNTY WHARF,
NEWBERN N. C.

REFERENCES.

A T Jerkins, President Bank of Commerce, Newbern; Dr W J Hawkins, late Pres't of R & G R R; Hon N Boyden, Pres't of N C R R, Salisbury; Col Wm Johnston, Pres't Charlotte & S C R R, Charlotte; Hon J M Morehead Greensboro; Rev Dr Deems, Raleigh and Rev W E Pell, editor of *Sentinel* at Raleigh. Oct. 28-71-tf.

C. J. Iredell & Co.,

DEALERS IN
Confectioneries, Fruits, Nuts, Cakes, Toys, &c.
At No. 1 Fayetteville St., N. C. Book Store,
RALEIGH, N. C.

HAVE JUST OPENED A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTment of French and Common Candies, Oranges, Lemons Apples, Raisins, Citron, Currants, Dates, Cocoanuts, Water, Soda and Sugar Crackers, Currant Jelly, &c.

—ALSO—

A fine assortment of French and German Toys, School Satchels, and boys' Tops, of every style and description.
Friends are respectfully invited to call. All will be pleasantly received and promptly waited on.
October 31st, 1865-71-tf.

Wake Forest College.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS COLLEGE will be resumed on Friday, the 12th of January, 1866. Students of all grades—Academic as well as Collegiate—will be admitted. For circulars containing particulars, address
REV. W. ROYALL, Secretary of Faculty,
Forestville, N. C.
November 28-95-6w.

Winston's Reports.

LAW Reports, June Term,	1864,	$2 25
Equity " "	"	75
Law " Ost. & Dec. Terms,	"	2 25
Equity " December "	"	75

BRANSON & FARRAR.
Raleigh, Nov 25 84-tf.

JOHN A. BAKER,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office on Court House Square,
RALEIGH, N. C.

REFERENCES:

Kidder and Martin, John Dawson, Levi Hart, } Wilmington, N. C.
O S Baldwin, J L Hathaway, Francis Lieber, LL D, } New York.
Raine & Jackson, Petersburg.
Raleigh, Nov. 24-92-1mpd.

HENSHAW & THORBURN,

COMMISSION & SHIPPING
MERCHANTS,
MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all kinds of Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges. We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.
☞ Business solicited. 14 6ms.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

Death of Mr. Fort.

When we wrote the notice of the attack upon Mr. Fort on Saturday night, we did not suppose it was so serious. He was found not far from his own home in a ditch weltering in his blood, was removed home, where he lingered in a state of insensibility until he died on Sunday about noon.—Thus a family has been deprived of its prop and stay, by the hands of an unknown person or persons. He had several severe licks on his head.—Mr. F. was an honest, industrious, good citizen, and his death will be lamented by his friends.—No trace has been found to the murderer. The night was very dark and it is presumed he was knocked down by the assassin before he knew it.

These outrages are becoming serious, and it is important that prompt measures should be adopted for the safety of the city.

Knocking Down.

We learn several blacks were knocked down on the streets on Sunday night, and several thefts are reported.

ARRESTED.—Capt. Benj Robinson of the Fayetteville *News*, was arrested and brought to this city on Saturday last. The cause of his arrest we have not learned, but rumor connects it with the conduct of the *News*. Capt. R. was permitted to give bail, and we learn is on parole or permitted to return home.

For the Sentinel.

History Teaching by Example.

We find in a celebrated old French work written more than 300 years ago, and translated into English by Sir Thomas Urquhart, a lesson or two which may in this age be studied to great advantage. We copy from this quaint old volume a few sentences on the government of conquered States.

"Remark therefore, honest drinkers, that the manner of preserving and retaining countries newly conquered in obedience, is not, as hath been the erroneous opinion of some tyrannical spirits to their own detriment and dishonor, to pillage, plunder, force, spoil, trouble, oppress, vex, disquiet, ruin, and destroy the people, ruling governing and keeping them in awe with rods of iron; and in a word eating and devourring them, after the fashion that Homer calls an unjust and wicked king, Demoboron, that is to say, a devourer of his people.

I will not bring you to this purpose the testimony of the ancient writers. It shall suffice to put you in mind of what your fathers have seen thereof, and yourselves too, if you be not very babes. New born, they must be given suck to, rocked in a cradle and dandled. Trees newly planted must be supported, under propped, strengthened and defended against all tempests, mischiefs, injuries and calamities. And one lately saved from a long and dangerous sickness, and now upon his recovery, must be forborne, spared and cherished, in such sort that they may harbor in their own breasts this opinion, that there is not in the world a king or prince, who does not desire fewer enemies and more friends.

Thus Osiris, the great king of the Egyptians, conquered almost the whole earth, not so much by force of arms, as by easing the people of their troubles, teaching them how to live well, and honestly giving them good laws, and using them with all possible affability, courtesy, gentleness, and liberality. Therefore was he, by all men, deservedly entitled, the great king, Euergetas, that is to say, Benefactor, which style he obtained by virtue of the command of Jupiter to the Pamyla. To do always good, and never ill, is an act most singularly royal.

Just such another was the emperor of the universe, Alexander the Macedonian. After this manner was Hercules sovereign possessor of the whole continent, relieving men from monstrous oppressions, exactions and tyrannies, governing them with discretion, maintaining them in equity and justice, instructing them with seasonable policies and wholesome laws, convenient for and suitable to the soil, climate and disposition of the country, supplying what was wanting, abating what was superfluous, and pardoning all that was past, with a sempiternous forgetfulness of all preceding offences. These are the philtres, allurements, inveiglements, baits and enticements of love, by the means whereof, *that* may be peaceably retained, which was painfully acquired. Nor can a conqueror reign more happily, whether he be a monarch, emperor, king, prince or philosopher, than by making his justice to second his valor. His valor shows itself in victory and conquest, his justice will appear in the good will and affection of the people when he maketh laws, publisheth ordinances, establisheth religion and doth what is right to every one, as the noble poet Virgil writes of Octavian Augustus.

——Victor que volentes
Per populos dat jura.

Therefore is it that Homer in his Iliads calleth a good prince and a good king "the ornament of the people"

Such was the consideration of Numa Pompilius, the second king of the Romans, a just politician and a wise philosopher, when he ordained that to the god Terminus, on the day of his festival called Terminales, nothing should be sacrificed that had died; teaching us thereby that the bounds, limits and frontiers of kingdoms should be guarded and preserved in peace, amity, and meekness without polluting our hands with robbery. Who doth otherwise, shall not only lose what he hath gained, but also be loaded with this scandal and reproach that he is an unjust and wicked purchaser, and his acquests perish with him."

The above was written in the reign of the Eleventh Louis of France, early in the 15th century—and might well serve as maxims by which certain pseudo philanthropists of our age and country would better regulate their policy towards the subdued and ruined South. Charles Sumner, and those whom he urges to the work of crushing eight millions of people, better and purer and more patriotic than themselves, have surely forgotten the lessons they learned in their younger and better days. Summer would punish a whole people to avenge a personal outrage, with which they had nothing to do. It is impossible to conceive a more malignant and diabolical spirit than seems to influence his every action towards our doomed section. Even in the comparatively dark age when Tyrants sat on every European throne, sentiments like those above published found their way into the world, and approved themselves to the hearts of men, whom in comparison with this age of boasted christian charity, we have been used to regard as far our inferiors in civilization. They are sentiments which should put to the blush the hard puritanism of that prince of persecutors—the Bay State Nero—cowardly enough in defending his own honor and precious person, but intensely unforgiving towards all those who happen to bear the color and to be citizens of the country of the gentleman who made the assault in the Senate.

This man is now advanced in years. There will certainly come a day when he may himself ask a pardon from a higher throne than the one we supplicate. With his heart steeled to the cry of the wailing South, will he receive his pardon at that great day?

He may live long enough on earth to witness retributive justice. Others may cry for mercy as well as we. There is a righteous God who rules over all.

P.

To the Public.

There are probably few readers of newspapers in North Carolina, who do not remember the shock which the public received at the announcement of the destruction of Greensboro Female College, in the summer of 1863. So useful had that institution become, so much an ornament and a blessing to the whole country, that Christians of all denominations felt, that the cause of religion had lost a vigorous ally.

Measures were taken to rebuild the College—Thousands of dollars were contributed. Nearly all the materials had been procured. Workmen were employed and provisions secured.—But for the bursting of the last storm of the war over Greensboro', perhaps at this time the new edifice would be standing complete, a beauty and blessing. It suffered, however, from both armies. The provisions were taken and much of the material destroyed or ruined. A portion of the materials of fine quantity, the Trustees believe, went to market in Philadelphia.

The state of the case is simply this: The foundation is laid, the walls have risen to about one-third their designed height, a million of bricks and divers other materials are on hand, and yet for want of funds to purchase the remaining materials and to pay the workmen, this building, which when finished is to be one of the most elegant and commodious edifices in North Carolina, stands incomplete and exposed to rapid decay.

The Trustees have desired me to address the public in solicitation of funds, for this object of real and great importance to North Carolina and our sister States. I am aware of the condition of our people. They have lost not their liberality, but their means. It has fallen to me to make several appeals to all classes of our people in North Carolina, and never without a very gratifying response. May I not hope that in our great poverty, our liberality will abound as in the Apostolic times?

It is proposed that as the Lord shall prosper us, we shall make contributions in larger or smaller sums, to be sent to the Rev. N. H. D. Wilson, in Greensboro, the Rev. W. H. Cuninggim, in Raleigh, or to the subscriber in New York, as may be most convenient. If these voluntary donations shall not reach an amount sufficient to complete the building, the Trustees have adopted a plan by which they shall not be lost; so that parties may give with confidence. The Trustees have determined to keep at this work until the building shall reach completion.

Now let those who succeed by devising liberal things, come to the rescue of this noble enterprise. Let the members of the Church under whose patronage the College has flourished without being sectarian, let the large hearted of other Churches and let the patriotic who know the benefit the College has conferred upon the State, enter heartily into co-operation with the trustees and by God's blessing we shall speedily have a noble success.

I shall take pleasure in corresponding with any persons in regard to this matter. Having at the urgent desire of the trustees, added to my other labors the duties of General Agent for Greensboro College, it shall have my best efforts to bring it to a consummation so devoutly desired, by so many wise and good men and women.

My address after to day and until further notice, will be "care of C. R. Discoway, Esq., 5 Beekman St. New York."

CHARLES F. DEEMS.

Raleigh, N. C. Dec. 18, 1865.

All the newspapers in North Carolina are most respectfully requested to copy.

The Difficulty Between Spain and Chili.

Spain Pushing Forward Hostilities.

Correspondence from Madrid denies that the Spanish Government has sent Admiral Parcja orders to suspend hostilities against Chili. The Government is not even disposed to accept of the mediation of neutral Powers. Orders have been given to the Spanish naval arsenals to push forward the preparations of war vessels for sea.

The Spanish Minister of Marine had issued a circular ordering the commanders of Spanish ships to treat as pirates all vessels of which the captain the officers and the majority of the crew are not Chilians, or who may not have received their commissions direct from the Chilian Government.

This Smacks of Treason.

The Secretary of the Treasury made some very Democratic, and therefore, treasonable assertions in his report, chief among which we notice the following:

"I am satisfied that no State can be governed under a Republican form of government, where three fourths of the people, embracing the largest tax payers, are disfranchised and denied a voice in making or executing the laws of the State."

This is directly in the teeth of the test oath system of disfranchisement, adopted by Congress, relative to the South. That it is sound doctrine cannot be denied, but we are surprised that the well merited rebuke should come from such a source. It is pretty clear that the Secretary does not affiliate with the radical wing of his party. Let us hope that enough of such outspoken Conservatives may yet be found, to thwart the despotic schemes of the fanatics and demagogues of the dominant party.—*Newark (N. J. Journal*

RAILROADS, &C.—The Goldsboro' *News* says:—The amount of business transacted on our lines of railroad is very great. Seldom has so much been done. Freight trains are tried to their utmost capacities, and the travel, notwithstanding the lateness of the season, is large. Does this condition of things evidence a prosperous condition of affairs? So far as our railroads are concerned it does; but so far as the general prosperity is concerned it is more than doubtful. We fear too many goods are being brought into the State, and that there is too great anxiety to push what supplies we have on hand into market.

THE EXECUTIE MANSION.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens introduced into the House, Thursday, a bill appropriating thirty thousand dollars for repairing and refurnishing the President's House. The appropriation has long been needed, the furniture of the East Room particularly offending by its solid tapestry, disfigured walls, and ragged upholstery. In its present condition, the apartment is totally unfit to be opened to the public.

NEW LEGAL QUESTION.—A new legal question growing out of the emancipation of the negroes, has been raised in South Carolina. It is whether debts incurred for slaves purchased before the proclamation took effect are now collectable. Many of the people of the Palmetto State are deeply interested in this matter, being still in arrears on old purchases from the Virginia slave dealers. The subject has been brought to the attention of the Legislature, which it is expected will make provision for partially discharging the creditors' claims.

GEN. JACKSON'S LAST WORDS.—"Pass the infantry to the front. Tell Major Hawkes to send forward provisions to the men. *Let us cross the river and rest under the shade of the trees.*"

Notice.

ON TUESDAY THE 19TH DECEMBER, I WILL sell to the highest bidder on a credit of twelve months at my residence 16 miles east of Raleigh, about 200 head of hogs consisting of sows and pigs, shoats, cattle, horses and mules, and many other articles.

Dec. 9 104-tds. N. PRICE.

For Sale.

LAW and Miscellaneous Books, &c
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15-109-tf

TELEGRAPHIC.

By the American Telegraph Company.

Foreign Items.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18th.

The steamship Cuba arrived at Halifax to day, with Liverpool dates to the 7th.

The King of Belgium is dead.

At the American banquet at Paris on Thanksgiving day, our minister, Mr. Bigelow, expressed very pacific sentiments. Gen. Schofield proposed as a toast, 'Friendship between France and the United States."

The steamship Peruvian arrived at Portland to day.

The Shenandoah put back on the 6th on account of a heavy gale. O'Leary, a Fenian, had been found guilty and sentenced to 20 years penal servitude. The cotton market was buoyant.

Constitutional Amendment.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17th.

The State Department has been officially advised of the ratification of the anti-slavery amendment by the Legislatures of Louisiana and Alabama.

THE UNKNOWN SHORE.

The unknown shore, the unknown shore—
I see it in my dreams;
And in my blissful waking hours
So beautiful it seems!
I fain would launch my earthly bark
Upon the open sea,
To reach that distant unknown shore,
So radiant to me.

O flower bedecked! O dew begemmed!
The wondrous unknown shore!
And they who stand upon its banks,
Nor weep nor sorrow more.
Green pastures lie the entire way,
The water by it flows:
And sacred lily-blossoms grow
Beside the Sharon rose.

The yellow flood comes simmering down,
Palm trees are bathed in light:
Out from among the branches flit
Strange birds with plumage bright,
Bird-notes are heard 'mid rustling leaves;
Harp tones are floating o'er;
Seraphic songs by seraph sung,
Echo on that fair shore.

I see no spectres on the shore;
The living Christ is there!
He beckons me with open hands,
He listens to my prayer.
O soul, go forth without a fear,
To find the unknown shore,
And all thy dread and all thy doubts,
Thy darkness, all are o'er.

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

Corrected daily by JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO. Brokers and Dealers in Exchange.

BUYING RATES.

N. C. Bank Notes—Charlotte 35, Miners & Planters 40, and Lexington 35. Bank of N. C., Cape Fear, 40. Farmer's, 35. Merchants 40. Roxboro 40. Wadesboro 25. Thomasville 30; Wilmington 25; Commerce 25; Washington, Fayetteville, Clarendon, Yanceyville, 15; Greensboro' Mutual, 20.

Virginia Bank Notes, average,	25
South Carolina do do	20
Georgia do do	20

COIN—Gold $1 44; Silver 1 40.

COUPONS—Old North Carolina, 59; North Carolina Railroad coupons, 95.

BONDS.—North Carolina, 6s, Nine coupons attached, 78,

Exchange on New York selling at ¼ premium.

Raleigh Money Market.

Raleigh National Bank of North Carolina.

Buying Rates.

N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear,	40	Bank of Wadesboro	25
" Charlotte,	35	" Wilmington,	25
" Commerce,	25	" Washington,	15
" Clarendon,	14	" Yanceyville	14
" Fayetteville,	15	Commercial, Wilmint'n	22
" Lexington,	30	Farmers, Greensboro,	37
" N. Carolina,	40	Greensboro Mutual,	23½
" Roxboro,	40	Merchants, Newberne,	40
" Thomasville,	30	Miners & Planters,	35

Virginia	Bank notes, average,		20
South Carolina	"	"	18
Georgia	"	"	12½

COIN—Gold, 1,42; silver 1,38.

COUPONS—Old North Carolina, 50; North Carolina Rail Road Coupons, 95.

BONDS—North Carolina 6s, nine coupons on, 78.

Exchange on New York selling at ¼ premium.

RALEIGH MARKET.

Revised and corrected by JORDAN WOMBLE, Grocer and Commission Merchant for all kinds of Country Produce.

Dec. 19, 1865.

FLOUR—family,	12 00	to	00 00
Extra Superfine,	11 00	to	11 50
Superfine,	10 50	to	11 00
CORN—per bushel,	80	to	1 00
BACON—per pound, dull,	22	to	25
LARD—per pound,	25	to	30
BUTTER—per pound, dull	40		
CHICKENS—(Spring,)	25	to	30
EGGS—per dozen,	00	to	35
CHEESE—retail, per pound,			35
APPLES—green, per bushel,	00	to	2 50
PEACHES—dried, per bushel,	2 50	to	3
POTATOES—Irish, per bushel,	50	to	1
POTATOES—Sweet,	80	to	1 00
ONIONS—per bushel,	1 50	to	2
BEEF—on hoof, per pound,	8	to	20
retail,	12½	to	20
FRESH PORK—per pound, (retail)	15	to	20
MEAL—per bushel, (street price),	1 00	to	1 10
COFFEE—per pound, (retail	45	to	50
SUGAR—Crushed, per pound	35	to	00
White Coffee,	30	to	
Light Brown,			25
Common Brown,			20
PEAS—red and white, per bushel,	75	to	1 00
FODDER—per cwt.	1	to	1 25
OATS—in sheaf,	75	to	1
HAY—newcrop, per cwt.,	75	to	1 00
TOBACCO—per pound, (manufactured),	20	to	50
COTTON—in bale, per cwt.,	30	to	35
COTTON YARN—per bunch,	3 50	to	3 3½
BEESWAX—per pound,	25	to	
RAGS—clean cotton, per pound			03
LAMB—per head		to	2 3
retail, per pound,	12½	to	50
SALT—per sack [4 bushel]		to	7 20
FLAXSEED—per bushel,	1	to	1 50
NAILS—per pound, by the keg,	10	to	125
PORK—for Bacon,	12½	to	15
TURNIPS—per bushel	1	to	00

For Sale.

2 HOUSES AND LOTS on Hillsboro Street—one house a two story, has six rooms with fire place in each, and one room without fire place. The other house has four rooms with fire place in each—all necessary out houses and one acre of land.

The price for the above property is very moderate, with annual payments for three fourths of the purchase money, and interest from date. Title to property retained until all the purchase money is paid.

—ALSO—

A very fine house, nine rooms, and four acres of ground attached.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Raleigh, December 15—109—1jan.

Rosin Oil! Rosin Oil!!

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE GOT their Rosin Oil Factory again in operation, and are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch. They would call the attention of

Southern Railroad Cos, and Tanners,

particularly to this Oil, so extensively used by them during the war. A small quantity of

LARD, TALLOW OR SPERM OIL,

added to the refined

ROSIN OIL,

renders it equal to the best Sperm for *Lubricating Purposes or for Leather*, at a cost of one third of the price of the latter. Their

Tanner's Oil

is warranted free from Naptha. This Oil is also extensively used for

PAINTING IN ALL COLORS,

and forms a more solid and durable coating than Linseed. It is especially recommended for all surfaces exposed to the weather.

All orders addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention.

MARTIN & HALLETT,

Dec 2 99-1m. Wilmington, N C.

For Sale.

Carriage, Horses & Harness!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL A bargain in the above named, and also following articles:

1 Iron Safe. Good as when first made.
1 Cow, giving two gallons of milk, and has a calf.
4 barrels of good Flour.

All of the above will be sold cheap by early application. The Carriage and Harness is one of the best in the city of Raleigh, with Spring Cushions, and costing originally $1300.

WM. H. CROW.

Raleigh, December 1 97-tf.

Pioneer Line of Steamers

FOR

Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, via Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal.

THE COMMODIOUS STEAMERS PIONEER and Commodore Adams, will leave Newberne for Norfolk on *TUESDAY* of each week at 8 o'clock A M, connecting with the different lines of steamers for the above-named points. On and after the first day of December next they will leave on Tuesday and Friday of each week, making semi-weekly trips. Shippers of Goods will receive every facility and accommodation for the transportation of the same, as arrangements have been made with the different companies to forward goods to this line at low rates and without delay. Each of these steamers are capable of carrying

250 *TONS OF FREIGHT,*

through the canal without difficulty, as they were built expressly for the trade. They are fitted up with *STATE ROOMS* and *BERTHS* capable of accommodating thirty-five passengers. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of passengers, who will not be subject to the inconveniences of transfer to other vessels, but will be taken through direct without change.

The tables of the steamers are liberally supplied with the best the market affords. Families traveling will find it to their interest to take this line, as they will thereby escape the danger and discomfort of a sea route, and the fatigue of railroad travel.

On the 15th of December next, if the business of the line warrants it, the steamer *Williams* will be put on the route, and tri weekly trips will be made.

For freight or passage apply to Whitford, Dill & Co., Newborn, N C.

DAVID WILLIAMS, *Proprietor*

November 28-91-tf.

Selling Off

OUR LARGE STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes, Hats,

Groceries,

Liquors, etc., etc.,

as cheap as these advertising to sell

AT COST!

No gammon or nonsense.

We will not be undersold.

"The proof of the pudding," &c.

KELLOGG WHEELER & CO.,

(OLD STAND OF S. H. YOUNG.)

Dec, 12rd, 1865 107-tf.

COTTON FACTORY FOR SALE.

WE WILL SELL THE "GRANITE SHOAL Cotton Factory", consisting of one full set of Carding and Spinning machines, all in first rate order and as good as new, capable of turning off 100 bunches Yarn every 24 hours. The water power is one of the best and most secure from danger of high water on the Catawba River, is seven miles below "Catawba Station" on Western North Carolina Rail Road, 35 miles west of Salisbury, and 35 from Charlotte. A first rate farm of 370 acres, 100 of which is in cultivation, will be sold with the Factory if desired.

There are 2 two story dwelling houses and store house, and necessary number of outrages to accommodate the operatives. For particulars, call on

CLARK & POWELL,

Catawba Station, N C.

December 14, 1865-108-10t.

Just Received,

800 setts Plates,
400 setts Cups and Saucers,
Bar Decanters,
Bar Tumblers,
Bar Bitters Bottles,
Kerosene Lamps and Chimneys,
at 44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C,

by D. T. CARRAWAY,
WITH HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, November 25-93-tf.

For Sale.

PRINTING MATERIALS, TYPE AND FIXtures and a large size single cylinder Hoe Power Press, 47 X 33 inches, and an excellent 3-horse Engine, in good running order. Apply to

W H CUNINGGIM, Agent.

December 13, 1865-106-tf.

FOR RENT.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR renting the Store and rooms, belonging to the Methodist Joint Stock Publishing Company until Saturday 16th inst.

W H CUNINGGIM, Agent,

Raleigh, December 13 106-tf.

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN.

Mitchell & Allen,

Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

22 *POLLOCK STREET,*

NEWBERN, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE, AND OFFER FOR SALE—

200 dozen Assorted Locks,
1000 pairs Hinges,
500 gross Screws,
300 dozen Knives and Forks,
150 dozen Pocket knives,
100 dozen Taper, Cross Cut, Mill Saw and Bastard Files.

A full assortment of

CARPENTERS',
COOPERS',
MACHINISTS',
BLACKSMITHS',
TURPENTINE,
AND
SADLERS' TOOLS,

to which we invite particular attention.

—ALSO—

50 kegs Horse Shoes,
100 kegs Cut and Wrought Nails,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Rims,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Spokes,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Hubs and Axles,
100 Ladies and Gents' Saddles, Bridles, Harness Whips, Collars, &c.
200 Bags Shot,
50 kegs Powder,
Hand, Cross Cut and Circular Saws,
Leather and Rubber Belting,
Bar and Sheet Iron and Lead,
Tin and Hollow Ware.

We have and are constantly receiving
Ploughs, Shovels,
Hoes, Axes, Forks,
Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, &c.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

"QUEEN OF THE SOUTH" COOK STOVE.

—ALSO—

AGENTS FOR

FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM & COUNTER SCALES,

AND

EVAN'S & WATSONS

CELEBRATED FIRE & BUGLAR-PROOF SAFES,

which we sell at manufacturer's prices.

Newbern, N. C., Oct., 17, 1865 61-3m.

J. A. THURSTON,

Old Stand of Henry Porter, Fayetteville St.

RALEIGH, N. C.,

BEING OBLIGED TO VACATE HIS STORE ON the 1st of January, offers for sale his entire Stock

AT COST,

consisting of every variety of

BOOTS AND SHOES,
RUBBERS, BROGANS,
SHOE FINDINGS, &c., &c.

Having purchased his stock direct from the Manufacturers for Cash, will sell cheaper than others can.

☞ Call and see for yourself. ☜

Raleigh, Dec 16-101-tljan.

THOMAS & CO.,

Bankers,

No. 176 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD

WE BUY AND SELL, ON THE MOST FAVORable terms, all the different

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
SOUTHERN BANK NOTES,
SOUTHERN STATE BONDS,
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
GOLD AND SILVER.

Stocks, Bonds, &c., of our own market, on Commission, in person; and those of New York and Philadelphia through reliable correspondents.

Make Collections, with prompt returns, on all accessible points, North, South and West.

Draw Gold or Currency Drafts, of any amount, [very best rates,] on New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Richmond.

Allow Interest on Deposites of Gold or Currency, subject to check at sight.

ON HAND FOR SALE.

$300,000 Southern Bank Notes.
$100 000 Seven Thirties, [different series]
$50,000 Five-Twenties, ['62, '64 and '65 issues]
$50,000 One Year Certificates. Nov 16 85-tf

School for Boys.

REV. DR. LACY, Principal.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS SCHOOL WILL BE resumed at the school-rooms, north of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, on the first Thursday in January.

Every effort will be made to give boys a thorough preparation for College or for business, and to secure proficiency in each department of study.

Terms made known upon application to the Principal. Payment half in advance. Session, twenty-one weeks. 106—3awtljanpd.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE THAT well known establishment, the MACON HOUSE, Morehead City, N. C. It is admirably located in view of the sea, has ample accommodation, and is especially adapted to a summer business. Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine the premises, or address

T. L. HALL,
Morehead City.

Dec. 5-101-2w.

$50 Reward!

HORSE STOLEN.

FROM THE STABLE OF THE SUBSCRIBER, 14 miles southeast of Raleigh, on the Smithfield and Wake Forest Road, on the night of the 14th instant, a sorrel mare, 15 or 16 hands in height, blaze face, thin mane and tail, three of her feet white, newly shod all round, and moves with a very short, quick trot, a little stiff in the right fore leg. She was traced to Raleigh, at which place she was lost sight of. A liberal reward will be given for her return to me, or for any information that may lead to her recovery.

JOSEPH BLAKE.

Dec. 4-101-tf.

Classical and Mathematical School.

TALLY HO, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL opens on the 2nd Monday in January. The price of board and tuition is one hundred dollars. Address the principal at Oxford.

T. J. HORNER,
Principal.

Dec. 11 105 3w.

Hillsboro N. C. Military Academy.

THE SIXTH SESSION [five months] OF THIS Academy will begin on Monday, the 1st day of January, 1866.

Circulars furnished on application to

J. B. WHITE,
Superintendent.

Hillsboro, Dec. 5, 1865 3ws.

Standard will please copy.

A LARGE AND GENERAL STOCK

OF

GOODS AT COST!

ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCKS OF GOODS IN THE STATE.

WE WILL SELL THE REMAINDER OF OUR third New and Large Stock of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS, HATS, SHOES AND NOTIONS

AT COST!

Commencing Monday, December 11th, for the purpose of making room for our Spring purchases. The Goods shall be sold at Cost.

☞ No sham or humbug about what we intend to do. Give us a call, and be convinced of the fact. ☜

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Raleigh, December 13 106-3t

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the second Wednesday in January, 1866.

Louisburg is in Franklin County, N. C., nine miles from Franklinton Station, on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.

Between these points there is a daily stage line, connecting with trains going North and South.

The community in which the College is located, is noted for health, social refinement, intelligence and christian morality.

Boarding pupils will be treated as members of the President's family, and their physical welfare, both in health and sickness, will receive at ict attention.

The course of study requisite for graduation, will be extensive; grade of scholarship high; instruction, thorough and systematic. Parents are requested to instruct their daughters, not to pursue more than one or two extra studies in connection with the College course.

Pupils will have access to a good library, and enjoy the benefit of lectures with apparatus for illustrating the experimental sciences.

Government of the pupils will be mild and persuasive, but firm and decided.

Strict attention will be paid the moral and religious culture.

No uniform will be required for the present. Extravagance in dress will not be encouraged. Pupils will not be permitted to contract debts.

Books and stationery will be furnished at the College.

Charges will be the same as those adopted in the Greensboro Female College before the war, viz:

Board, per session of 5 months, exclusive of washing and lights,	$50 00
Tuition in regular course including Latin,	30 00
EXTRA STUDIES.	
Music on Piano and Guitar, each,	30 00
French and Drawing, each,	15 00
Painting in Oil,	30 00
Needle Work,	5 00

The above charges, to be paid in specie, or its equivalent in currency. One half in advance; the remainder at the close of the session. Each pupil will furnish one pair of sheets, and pillow cases, and towels.

T. M. JONES.

Dec. 13-106-tf.

SELLING OUT AT COST.

BEING DESIROUS OF MAKING ROOM FOR MY Spring Goods, I now offer to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country, the remainder of my stock, consisting of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes for Gents, Ladies and Misses' Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Hosiery and notions of all kinds.

M. ROSENBAUM,
Pomeroy's Old Stand.

Raleigh, December 13-107—1w.

Goods at Cost,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Merinos, Delaines,
Alpaccas, Prints,
Irish and Pillow Case Linen, Table Cloths,
Napkins, Domestics,
Nansook, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Hoop Skirts, Balmorals,
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, etc, etc.

These goods are all new, having been purchased during the last season. My old customers and the public generally are invited to call and examine.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Raleigh, December 14-103—1w.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!!

Please your Children, Sweethearts, Wives, and Husbands,

CALL AT PH. THIEM'S STORE AND EXAMINE the largest and handsomest Stock of Fancy Goods, Toys and Confectioneries of all descriptions.

$10,000 worth of Fancy Goods.
$10,000 worth of Toys and Confectioneries.
$10,000 worth of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c.

FOR CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS

which will be sold at the lowest prices.

CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE

PH. THIEM'S Beautiful Stock of

CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

☞ Great inducements to persons wishing to buy by wholesale.

PH. THIEM.

December 14-108-tf.

For Sale.

NEW YORK Goshen and Grayson, Va., cheap to close consignment.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Dec 15—109—tf

J. L. DUNN, of N. C.

WITH

Arch'd Young, Garrett & Co.

Manufactures and Wholesale Dealers in

CLOTHING

27 *CHAMBERS STREET,*

Nearly opposite New City Hall,

NEW YORK.

HENRY L. FOSTER,
C. W. GARRETT,
WM. H. WHITE,
M. YOUNG,

Dec 11-104-1w pd.

From the New York Times.

The Importance of a Southern Representation.

Mr. Sumner's theory that the "insurrectionary States" have forfeited their State attributes, and are now mere territorial domain, has just been repulsed as inconsistent with the whole scheme of the constitution. But even that theory is preferable to any project of keeping the functions of these States in indefinite suspension, and excluding them from all representation in the National Legislature. Treat these States as territories, and they may at least, like other territories, send each a delegate to the House of Representatives, who, though not voting, would have the privilege of speaking and representing the feelings and wishes of his constituents. In the present condition of things, these so-called States have not even a territorial life; every one of them is as voiceless in the national halls as if it were forever dead, and resolved into its primitive dust again.

It was but right for the House to ignore all Representatives from the theatre of the late rebellion, until it could be shown that their elections were made under competent authority and in a proper way. It is well, too, to stop to inquire whether the late insurrectionary States, in seeking again the constitutional right of representation, are prepared to comply with all their constitutional obligations. But all this can be learned without any great delay. President Johnson doubtless has abundant information, derived from his Provisional Governors, and from agents deputed to make special inquiry, which he will cheerfully impart. If that information is not enough, any deficiency can easily be supplied by an invitation of the Southern Representatives to present themselves before the committee of fifteen. Unquestionably they could make expositions of the condition of the South, and of the present sentiments of the people, that would quickly clear up every uncertain point, and enable the committee to report, at an early day, with the fullest understanding.

The true policy is to expedite rather than delay the readmission of the Southern Representatives and Senators. It is neither right nor safe for any part of the country to legislate for another part of the country, without giving it any voice in that legislation. Representation is the vital principle of republican institutions. Its denial to any extent impairs the normal operation of our government, and opens the way to all kinds of abuses. No one thing is so important as to rid the South of that old spirit of sectionalism, which was the growth of slavery. The great effort of true statesmanship now must be to animate the South with a new life which shall be thoroughly identified with the national life, and have a complete community of spirit with the North and the West. But this will be morally impossible, if discriminations are to be kept up against the South, especially the extremest of all discriminations of not allowing it representation, and making it subject to laws in the framing of which it has had no part. That will be sure to beget a sense of most grievous oppression, and the result would inevitably be the intenset hatred, on the part of the Southern people, of those they deemed their oppressors. To shut the eyes to this certainty is to be blind to American nature. Whatever the motive, the act is one of infatuation.

The South is now in its most impressible stage. All Southern men are waiting to see how Southern submission will be treated by the North—Of the fair and conciliatory disposition of President Johnson they are well satisfied. Yet he is but a single man. Of the spirit of the Northern people toward them they are still in doubt—Any unfriendly manifestation by Northern Senators and Representatives will be taken as proof that the Northern people have no desire again to fraternize with them, and mean only to be their masters. An unmistakably generous and magnanimous policy by Congress in admitting their Representatives, and burying the past, would soon overcome their last lingering resentment, and expunge the last trace of that sense of humiliation, which cannot exist without bitterness. A jealous and rigorous line of treatment would, on the other hand, soon congeal every better impulse of the Southern people into an inflexible determination to oppose and thwart the government in every praticable way, and would perpetuate the spirit of sectionalism in its worst form for years, and perhaps generations.

Some say that the new loyalty of the South is still very defective—that it consists in professions mainly. We can hardly concede this to be exactly so; but if this Southern loyalty is yet immature, it is the very reason why it should be encouraged and strengthened. We have not a doubt that the predominant feeling in the Northern heart to-day, towards the South is a yearning for complete reconciliation. It would be a blessed influence upon the Southern people if they could truly know this. But they cannot know it, except through the words and actions of Northern Congressmen. Let those Representatives look well to it that they do not give occasion for a misconception of the real spirit of the North. They cannot long continue to keep the gates of the Capitol barred against Southern representation without producing upon the Southern mind a most mischievous impression, that the North means not to be reconciled, but to domineer and degrade.

What harm can Southern representation do? Even supposing the worst, that it would be disaffected and factious, it would still form but a weak minority in either House; and even if it made an alliance with all the Democratic strength the combined force would still be less than two-fifths of either body. The Thirty-ninth Congress, upon which devolves the completion of this work of reconstruction, has a magnificent Union strength, which no possible combination of malign elements can hinder from working its own high will. Let it trust to that strength, and be fearlessly generous. Let it admit, at an early day, into its bosom, all truely the accredited Representatives of the Southern people, so that it shall have every facility to legislate intelligently and justly for the South, as well as for every other part of the land. This is what is imperatively demanded by the spirit of national concord, and by every practical interest of the Union. No exclusive dogma, or old resentment, ought to stand in the way of it.]

Selling at Cost!

$20,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS,

consisting of

MERINOS, DELAINES,
ALPACCAS, POPLINS,
ENGLISH & FRENCH CALICOES,
CURTAIN CALICO,
FRENCH W'KD HDK'FS & COLLARS,
BUTTONS, TAPES, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS, LADIES' HATS, OIL CLOTHS, LADIES' SHOES, HOSIERY, &c.

A very large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Suits $20 to $35,
Ladies' CLOAKS, from $7 to $22.

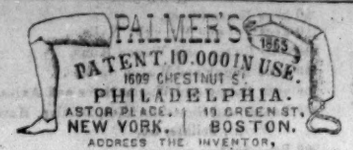
—ALSO—

20,000 **CIGARS**—$26 to $42 per thousand.

☞ The attention of country merchants is called to this advertisement, as they can supply themselves with goods at New York cost.

GOLDSTEIN & WILSONS'
AT J. C. PALMER'S Store.

RALEIGH, Nov. 29th, 1865-98 tf



These inventions stand approved as the "best" by the most eminent Scientific and Surgical Societies of the world, the inventor having been honored with the award of FIFTY GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS (or "First Prizes") including the Great Medals of the World's Exhibition in London and New York; also the most Honorary Report of the great Society of Surgeons of Paris, giving his Patents place above the ENGLISH AND FRENCH.

Dr. Palmer gives personal attention to the business of his profession, aided by men of the best qualifications and greatest experience. He is specially commissioned by the Government and has the patronage of the prominent Officers of the Army and Navy. Six Major-Generals and more than a thousand less distinguished officers and soldiers have worn the PALMER LIMBS on active duty, while still greater numbers of eminent civilians are, by their aid, filling important positions, and effectually conceal their misfortune.

Advice and Pamphlets Gratis.

To avoid the imposition of Piratical Copyists, apply only to DR. PALMER, as above directed, or to his Agent,

GEO. H. TAYLOR,
Newbern, N. C.

Dec. 5-101-tf.

Town Property.

A SPLENDID RESIDENCE INCLUDING 18 Rooms, with 43 acres of Land attached, and fronting Main Street, in the town of Oxford, is offered for sale.

The beauty and elegibility of the location, the excellence of the water, and the convenience to schools of highest grade, combine to render this one of the most desirable residences in the State.

JOHN A. WILLIAMS,
Oxford, N. C.

Dec 11-105-eod 3t.

BRANSON & FARRAR,
PUBLISHERS AND BOOKSELLERS,
NO. 40 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND AN ASSORTment of Standard Books, and the latest publications, consisting of Theological, Historical, and Miscellaneous Books, with a large supply of

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.

Call and see. Orders will be promptly filled. Books not on hand will be at once obtained, if to be had in the United States.

They also act as Agents for the purchase or sale of any goods in their line of business.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

THE AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY

has deposited with us a large number of Bibles and Testaments for *Sale or Donation* at Society rates.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

AMONG OUR STOCK

may be found Copy Books, Slates, Chalk Crayons, Slate Pencils, &c.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

ALSO,

Writing Charts, Spelling Charts, and other improvements for Schools.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

MAPS! MAPS!!

Large Map of North Carolina,	$10 00
Pocket Map of North Carolina,	1 00
Pocket Map of Virginia,	2 25
Pocket Map of the United States,	2 00

BRANSON & FARRAR.

STATIONERY.

Foolscap, Letter Paper, Note Paper, Pens, Pen oils, Envelopes, Arnold's Writing Fluid, also the Spenarian Fluid.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

JUVENILE BOOKS.

Illustrated, of great variety in styles and prices.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

SHEET MUSIC

constantly kept on hand. Also, Blank Books made to order.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

BOOK BINDING.

Of all kinds, done at short notice, and in the very best style.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

Just from the Press,

MARY BARKER,

A thrilling narrative of early life among the Indians of North Carolina. From the gifted pen of "Charlie Vernon."

The book is 72 pages, elegantly printed. Price, per hundred $30. Single copies 50 cents.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

☞ The usual deductions made to the Trade.
☞ Call for Catalogues, containing prices.

BRANSON & FARRAR,
October 3-9-tf. Raleigh, N. C.

For Rent at Auction.

ALL OF THE PROERTY BELONGING TO THE Neuse Manufacturing Company, embracing

GRIST MILL, SAW MILL AND FARM.

It will be offered to the highest bidder on the premises, Saturday, 16th inst., at 12 o'clock. Possession given January 1st, 1866. Terms made known on day of sale.

SION H ROGERS,
W H CROW,
Dec 12-103-5t J D ROYSTER.

Members of the Legislature

CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH FIRST Class Board and Lodging, or Table Board on application at C. J. IREDELL & CO.,
No 1 Fayetteville Street, N. C. Book Store,
Nov 23-95-3w. Raleigh, N. C.

NEW ARRIVAL

OF

Drugs Medicines, Paints

Oils, Window Glass, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, Wines, Brandy, Spices, Extracts, &c., &c.,

AT

Pescud's Drug Store,

ALL WARRANTED FRESH AND PURE,

and will be sold at reduced rates for *cash*, or in exchange for

FLAX SEED, YELLOW WAX, COTTON AND PROVISIONS.

SYRINGES, Male and Female in great variety, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPIT CUPS, for the Sick Bed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

BED PANS, Male and Female Urinals, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TRUSSES, single & double, in great variety at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PHYSICIANS' Medical Saddle Bags and Pocket Cases, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PLANTATION Combs for Darkies, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

30 DOZ. Plantation Bitters, very low by the case, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SOZODONT, and *Odonsilane*, at reduced price, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS, that most delicate and popular perfume, at reduced rates, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MAGNOLIA WATER, certainly the most popular Cologne introduced since the surrender—may be had at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

ADAMS' Flesh Brushes, the best known, for sale at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PURE Cod Liver Oil, various brands, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPICES of all kinds, in great variety, (whole and ground) at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

STARCH, Indigo, Fig Blue of best quality, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

KATHAIRON, Tricophorus, Cocoaine, Phalon's and Webster's Hair Invigorators, Black and White Pomatums, and Philecome, Pomades, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CHEROKEE Remedy and Female Pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HEMBOLT'S & Smolander's Extract Buchu, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

RADWAY'S Ready Relief, and R. R. Pills, and Perry Davis' Pain Killer, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

AYERS', Strong's, Beckwith's, Brandreth's, Deems', Jayne's, and other popular pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MOUNT EAGLE TRIPOLI for cleansing Metals of all kinds, Window Glass and Mirrors, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HECKER'S, Farina, and Corn Starch for Custards, Puddings, and Blanc Mange, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

WOLFF'S Scheidam Schnapps, Pure Old Port and Sherry Wine and Cognac Brandy, selected expressly for medical purposes at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

VERY Superior Green and Black Tea at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CANARY Bird and Kemp Seed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

COSTAR'S Rat, Insect and Bed Bug Exterminator, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TOBIA'S Condition Powders for Horses and PESCUD'S.

PURE Bermuda Arrow Root, and Cox's Gelatine at PESCUD'S.

CHLORIDE LIME in one pound bottles, at PESCUD'S.

KEROSENE Oil and Lamps, at PESCUD'S.

PURE Sperm and Sweet Oil, at PESCUD'S.

ALL kinds of **Paints,** dry and ground in Oil in assorted packages, at PESCUD'S.

PAINT and Whitewash Brushes, at PESCUD'S.

MUSTANG LINIMENT, McAlister's Ointment, and Gray's Ointment, at PESCUD'S.

AZAMEA and Durkees' Baking Powders, at PESCUD'S.

BATCHELOR'S and Phalon's Hair Dye, at PESCUD'S.

LUBIN'S Toilet Powder and Puffs, at PESCUD'S.

SUP. Wax Matches, at PESCUD'S.

COCHINEAL and Solution of Tin, at PESCUD'S.

CORKS for Bottles and Vials, at PESCUD'S.

ELIXIR'S Peruvian Bark and Protoxide Iron, at PESCUD'S.

HOSLETTER'S Bitters, at PESCUD'S.

KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery, at PESCUD'S.

Fresh Garden and Grass Seed,

OF SUPERB QUALITY,

Warranted as represented from R. BUIST, the celebrated Seedsman of Philadelphia, Growth of 1865.

at PESCUD'S.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A large supply of Garden and Grass Seed, of the most choice varieties, for sale wholesale and retail.

☞ Call and get an Almanac. My friends throughout the State, can send memorandums by the members of the Legislature. P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, Oct. 26-89-tf.

NOTICE.

Buying, Selling and Leasing Real Estate.

ALL Persons wishing to buy, sell, or Lease Real Estate, are invited to call upon the subscriber at his Hotel, on the corner of Wilmington and Davie streets, Raleigh, N. C., who promises to give their business his prompt attention, and spare no pains that will enable him to give entire satisfaction.

Being so well known to the citizens of Raleigh and Wake County, the undersigned hopes they will not hesitate to put their business in his hands.

GEORGE T. COOKE,
Agent for Wake Co. of the Pioneer Land Office.
sep 1, 1865-34-tf.

JOHN S. DANCY, (Of Tarboro, N. C.) JOHN H. HYMAN, (Late of Scotland Neck, N. C.)

F. M. HYMAN, (Late of Warrenton, N. C.)

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
Commission and Purchasing Merchants.
No. 80 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

HAVING RESUMED OUR OLD BUSINESS, WE are now prepared to receive all kinds of Produce, and to make purchases of Goods and supplies for our friends.

Dr. JOHN ARRINGTON, late of Warrenton, N. C., can be found with us, where he will be pleased to serve his old friends.

FORWARDING AGENTS:

W. H. McRARY & CO., Wilmington N. C.
HUGHES & DILL, Newbern, N. C
GEORGE H BROWN, Washington, N. C.
SMITH & BRO., Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 13-82-6m.

Mrs. Reid's Rheumatic Ointment.

INDIAN TOWN, Currituck Co., N. C., Oct. 17, '65.

MRS. S. A. REID:—I take pleasure in stating that I have found *great relief* in the use of your RHEUMATIC OINTMENT.

After suffering *fifteen years*, and trying every remedy, I could get, I used your Ointment three weeks only.

As I could not get it after the mails were stopped, I have been unable to give it a fair trial, but have suffered very little pain since, and now *walk without a stick*, which I have not done for 8 or 10 years.

Very truly yours,
J. F. GARRENTON.

For sale by

D. T. CARRAWAY, Raleigh, N. C.

W H Lippitt,	Wilmington, N C
E J Hinsdale,	Fayetteville, "
Primrose & Dillingham,	Newbern, "
Dr J T Walsh,	Kinston, "
M A & C A Santos,	Norfolk, Va.

75-tf

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS
FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
GRANVILLE CO., N. C.

FALL SESSION OPENS ON THE 1ST WEDNESday in October.

TERMS, per Session, payable in United States Currency:

Board, Washing and general Tuition, including the entire English course,	$100 00
Music, Piano and Guitar, each,	20 00
Ancient and Modern Languages, each,	10 00
Drawing and Painting, each,	15 00
Embroidery and Pellis Wax Work,	10 00

Each young lady will bring with her one pair of sheets and pillow cases, and her towels.

For other particulars, address

REV C. B. RIDDICK,
Kittrellis Springs, N. C.

October 2-48-3m.

H. C. WHEELER,
OF SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA,
WITH
JAMES PALMER & CO.
Wholesale Druggists,
AND DEALERS IN
Oils, Paints, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, &c.
No. 439 Market Street,
Philadelphia.

Nov. 11-81 6m.

Farriss' Column.

I. X. L.

C. M. FARRISS,

Has just returned from the North with a new Stock of

FALL GOODS,

Selected expressly for this market, consisting in part of

BEAVER CLOTHS,
BROADCLOTHS,
ENGLISH AND SCOTCH CASSIMERES,
SILK MIXED CASSIMERES,
TRICOT CASSIMERES,
BLUE CLOTHS.

CASSIMERES OF ALL COLORS!

CORDUROY,
BLACK SILK VELVETS,
GLOVES AND SCARFS.

SHIRTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS!

ARMY HATS,
NAVY CAPS,
HALF HOSE,
SUSPENDERS,
HANDKERCHEIFS, NECK TIES,
LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS,
SHOULDER STRAPS,
MILITARY BUTTONS,
AND LACES
SCARF PINS,
SHOES OF ALL KINDS,
TRUNKS AND VALISES.

MERCHANT TAILORING

Done in the very best style by
C. M. FARRISS and his Superb Cutter,
MR. GRIFFITH.

Suits of every description made to order at the shortest notice and in the very best manner.

☞ What you do not see in my Store, order and you shall have it in the quickest possible time.

C. M. FARRISS.
Raleigh, August 28, 1865. 28-tf

S. D. WALLACE. J. R. SOUTHERLAND.

WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Office over A. E. Hall's Store,
No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,
Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consigments of

NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C., &C., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.

—ALSO—

TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.

Sep. 6, 1865-26-tf.

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va. P. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.

SHAFER & NORWOOD,
Commission Merchants,
No. 5 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains and all other Southern Products solicited.

☞ Order from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters and others will receive prompt and individual attention.

REFER TO

Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro, N C; R Lassiter, President Raleigh and Gaston R R; McIlwaine, Son & Co, Donnans and Johnson, Martin & Tannahill, Petersburg, Va; E A Vogler, Esq., Salem, N C; R P Richardson, Rockingham Co, N C, Seymour Sloan, Greensboro, N C E Wilkes, Superintendent N C R R.

GREAT BARGAINS
IN CLOTHS AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY ANnounces to his friends and patrons, and to the Members of the Legislature, and to strangers visiting the City, that he continues to carry on the

TAILORING BUSINESS

at his old stand, where he will be happy to see them and sell them great bargains in his line. He would also call the attention of those of the Military Department wishing to purchase clothing, uniforms or citizens' dress, to the fact that they will find great bargains. In style and taste they cannot be surpassed by any in this city or any other. He deems it unnecessary to say any thing of his own skill in the Tailoring business, but it will suffice to say that his experience has not been for a few years only, but for the last 15 years. He therefore solicits a liberal patronage. Prompt attention will be given to persons wishing to have cutting done. Orders from a distance will be thankfully received and promptly attended to. Call at store No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

MRS. FENTRESS has opened a Boarding House next door, about 100 yards from the Capitol, where she will entertain members of the Legislature or transient Boarders.

T. R. FENTRESS,
Nov. 16-85-1m. Merchant Tailor.

JOHN HUGHES,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NEWBERN, N. C.

50-3m-pd.

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandize, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.

N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.

Greensboro, Nov. 12-82-tf.

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY call attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of the City, and the public generally, to a large and beautiful stock of goods comprising every thing that is needful to complete a wardrobe.

For cheapness there is none that can compete with the house of Messrs. Bowen & Randall, No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C. Call and examine his goods before you purchase elsewhere, and my word for it you will find cheap goods.

A new supply of goods has just been received and he will continue to receive them by every steamer that arrives.

The strictest attention will be paid by Mr. Bowen, the proprietor, and his clerks, to those who give him a call.

Make no mistake. Be certain to call at the store No. 15 Fayetteville Street, on the corner of the vacant square. T. R. FENTRESS,
No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Nov. 16 85-1m.

THE

Underwriters' Agency

OF NEW YORK,

CASH ASSETS,

Three Million Dollars

Issue Policies of

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

Made payable in Gold or Currency.

Negotiable and Bankable

CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE

Are issued by this Association.

JOHN G. WLIAMS & CO., Agents.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 86—tf.

PALMER, HARTSOOK & CO.
WHOLESALE
Auction and Commission House,
Cary and Dock Libby Buildings,
RICHMOND, VA.

☞ GOODS SOLD by PACKAGE ONLY.
Proprietors U. S. Bonded Warehouse, No. 1.

GEO. S. PALMER, late of Wadsworth, Turner & Co.
DAN'L J. HARTSOOK, late of Howardsville, Va.
WM. B. ISAACS, of Wm. B. Isaacs & Co., Bankers.
October 6 52-3mos.

ALFRED R. BENNETT, JAS. C. VAN PELT, New York. CHAS. H. BENNETT, Raleigh, N. C.

BENNETT, VAN PELT & CO.,
Commission Merchants
FOR THE SALE OF
Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.,
ALSO, FOR THE
Purchase and Sale of State and Other STOCKS,
23 WHITEHALL STREET, NEW-YORK.

We have associated with us Mr. D. W. Courts, late Public Treasurer for North Carolina.
Aug 30. 20-tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA,
RALEIGH, N. C.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall,
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden,
W. B. Gulick, *Cashier,*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold.

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms.

Co lections made at all points in the State of North Carolina. 56-1y.

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE
Insurance Company,
OF
New Orleans, Louisiana.
CAPITAL, - - - $555,000.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company, and is now ready to take risks at customary rates. This Company was organized in January, 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties, viz: Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville, Johnson and Orange. L. W. PECK, Agent.
Raleigh, Nov. 9-91-tf.

Change of Time.

R. & G. RAILROAD COMPANY,
Superintendent's Office,
Raleigh, N. C., November 4, '65.

Change of Schedule

On and after November 6th, 1865, the trains will run as follows:

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Leave Raleigh,	4 30 A. M.
Arrive Gaston,	10 30 "

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Leave Gaston,	2 15 P. M.
Arrive Raleigh,	8 15 "

This train connects with all the trains between Greensboro and New York. Passengers by this line have no delays between those points.

ALBERT JOHNSON,
76-tf. Superintendent.

☞ Progress, Petersburg Express and Richmond Times copy till forbid.

M. J. Moore,
Of Stokes County, N. C.
WITH
Hood, Bonbright & C.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
Philadelphia.
No. 529 Market Street.
Nov. 9-79-6m.

J. W. ATKINSON & CO.,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
AND
Agents for

SECURITY FIRE & MAINE INSURANCE COMpany, New York.
Equitable Fire Insurance Company, New York.
Peabody Fire Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Maryland Life Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Wilmington, N. C., Sep. 16 33-6m pd.

W. H. McRARY & CO,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Wilmington, N. C.,

HAVE recently been appointed Agents of the State of North Carolina, of the PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY, and also Agents of the UNADULTERATED FLOUR OF BONE COMPANY.

We expect a supply of these invaluable Fertilizers in a short time and solicit orders for the same from our old customers and farmers generally.

Dec. 6-102-1m.

J. H. CRAWFORD,
DENTIST
RALEIGH, N. C.,

[Office Over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.]

INFORMS the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding counties that he has opened an office at the above well known stand, and is prepared to cleanse, extract and fill, and to insert artificial Teeth, from one to an entire set, on the most improved principles of practice.

☞ He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

aug 14.—tf 1st Jan.

J. D. WHITFORD, GEORGE W. DILL, W. C. WHITFORD.
WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,
Shipping, Receiving, Forwarding, and
GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.

Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.

AGENTS FOR
MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES
BETWEEN NEWBERN & NEW YORK.
General Vessel Agents.
November 29 96-1y.

JAS. F. PURVIS, ISAAC F. PURVIS,
JAS. F. PURVIS, JR. NATHAN H. CRAWFORD.
PURVIS & COMPANY,
Bankers,
No. 192 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.

WE TRANSACT THE
GENERAL BANKING, EXCHANGE,
MERCANTILE COLLECTION,
AND
STOCK COMMISSION BUSINESS,
In all their several departments.

We buy and sell, and are prepared to furnish at all times, Government Bonds and Securities, in sums to suit.

We give special attention to Collections, which we are prepared to make, on all accessible points, on the most reasonable terms.

Deposits received, and interest allowed on Current Balances, according to special agreement.

Nov 16-85-6m PURVIS & CO.

The Bingham School
MEBANESVILLE, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION BEGINS MARCH 7TH, 1866, and continues forty weeks. For terms, address, WM. BINGHAM,
Nov. 17-86-tlst jan. Mebanesville, N. C.

JACOB KULL & SONS,
PETERSBURG, VA.,
Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
which we offer low to Jobbers.

Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va.
November 23-91-6m-pd.

To Rail Road Companies.

WE ARE THE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE of Taw's Celebrated Car Grease, for lubricating the Axles of Rail Road Cars. We have on sale eight Barrels Canary Yellow Rail Road Car Grease.

Also 20 kegs Axle Grease for greasing the axles of waggons, carts, &c. Also a lot of Taw's patent Harness Dubbing for greasing harness, and a lot of Buggy axle grease.

J. LONG & CO.
Greensboro, October 6-52-tf.

LORILLARD
FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,
OF THE CITY OF
NEW YORK.
Cash Capital and Assets, $1,317,000.
C. NORWOOD, Prest, JNO C. MILLS, Sec'y.

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel.
November 23-90-tf.

☞ Standard copy till forbid.

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO THE LEGislature for the incorporation of "Kittrell's Springs Female Collegiate Institute."
Aug 24, 1865-32-tf.